


# ONGC News as on 03 November 2026 (Print & Online)

| Publication : Deccan Herald | Editions : Bangalore |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 8 |

# SC raps Centre for resisting foreign arbitral awards

**NEW DELHI, DHNS:** The Supreme Court on Monday questioned the Union government's approach to arbitration, asking why it was frustrating enforcement of arbitral awards even after foreign courts had adjudicated the disputes, and warning that such prolonged litigation could undermine confidence in India's arbitration regime.

A bench of Justices J B Pardiwala and Manmohan dismissed the Centre's appeal against a Delhi High Court order from July 1 that had allowed Vedanta Ltd and Ravva Oil (Singapore) Pvt Ltd to enforce foreign arbitration awards involving claims of nearly $99 million.

The bench expressed concern over the message such resistance would send to international investors and parties considering India as an arbitration destination.

"And we talk about all of this arbitration and seat and this and that?... Nobody will trust you," the court told Additional Solicitor General Vikramjit Banerjee, questioning the government's continued opposition to the awards that date back more than two decades.

The bench found no reason to interfere with the HC judgment, which had rejected the Centre's objections to enforcement of the awards passed in 2004 and 2016 by an arbitral tribunal seated in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

The dispute originated from a 1994 production-sharing contract between the government and a consortium comprising ONGC, Videocon Petroleum, Ravva Oil and Cairn Energy for the development of the Ravva oilfield in the Krishna-Godavari basin.

| Publication : The Free Press Journal | Editions : Mumbai |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 9 |

# Natural gas gets costlier, Nov rates rise 7%

The government has raised domestic natural gas prices by 7& to $12 per million British thermal units (mmBtu) for November, according to a notification issued by the Petroleum Planning and Analysis Cell (PPAC).

However, natural gas produced by state-owned ONGC and Oil India will continue to face a price ceiling of $7 per mmBtu, shielding regulated supplies from the higher benchmark.

For gas extracted from deepwater, ultra-deepwater and high-pressure, high-temperature fields, the government has fixed a ceiling of $9.89 per mmBtu for October-March.

Under the revised pricing guidelines introduced in April 2023, domestic gas prices are linked to 10% of the Indian crude oil basket and revised monthly.

The increase could raise input costs for gas-dependent industries, potentially squeezing margins and affecting profitability.

| Publication : The Hindu | Editions : New Delhi |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 13 |

# Centre stalling Vedanta arbitration awards enforcement, says SC

**Aaratrika Bhaumik**
NEW DELHI

The Supreme Court dismissed the Centre's challenge to a Delhi High Court order allowing mining major Vedanta Ltd. and Ravva Oil (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. to enforce foreign arbitration awards involving claims of almost $99 million. The SC questioned the Centre's resistance to the enforcement of the awards, warning such delays could undermine India's standing as an arbitration hub.

A Bench of Justices J.B. Pardiwala and Manmohan questioned why the government continued to oppose enforcement, particularly when India was seeking to position itself as a preferred venue for international arbitration.

"You are frustrating an arbitral award like this? At the stage of enforcement of it? And we talk about all of this arbitration and seat and this and that?... Nobody will trust you," the Bench remarked.

**'Prolonged dispute'**

The Bench also took note of the prolonged nature of the dispute, pointing out the first arbitral award was rendered in 2004 followed by the final award in 2016. It ultimately found no reason to interfere with the Delhi HC's July 1 judgment rejecting Centre's objections to the enforcement of the awards passed by an arbitral tribunal seated in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

"We are of the view no error, not to speak of any error of law, could be said to have been committed by the High Court in passing the impugned judgment and order," the Bench said, dismissing the appeal.



In 2014, the Centre sought to recover $64 mn from Vedanta and $35 m from Ravva Oil.

The dispute dates back to a 1994 production-sharing contract for the development of Ravva oilfield in the Krishna-Godavari basin. The agreement was signed between the Centre and a consortium comprising ONGC, Videocon Petroleum, Ravva Oil and Cairn Energy. Cairn Energy's stake in the project later passed to Cairn India and later to Vedanta.

At the heart of the dispute was how payments towards costs previously incurred by the ONGC in developing the oilfield were to be accounted for while calculating the firms' share of revenue from oil output. The matter was referred to arbitration in Kuala Lumpur under Malaysian law and the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law (UNCITRAL) Arbitration Rules.

**Partial award**

In October 2004, the arbitral tribunal delivered a partial award, deciding two of the six questions in favour of the firms and four in favour of the government while leaving the amount payable towards the ONGC's earlier costs to be determined later. The Centre challenged the award in Malaysia. Though it was set aside by the Kuala Lumpur High Court in 2009, the decision was reversed on appeal and the award was ultimately upheld by the Malaysian Federal Court in 2011.

In 2014, the government sought to recover about $64 million from Vedanta and $35 million from Ravva Oil. The companies contested the demands and returned to arbitration with a reconstituted tribunal delivering final award in 2016. The Centre again challenged the award, but the Malaysian Federal Court upheld it in February 2019.

Vedanta and Ravva Oil then moved the Delhi HC to enforce the awards in India. The Centre opposed the plea on grounds including limitation, public policy and the tribunal becoming *functus officio* after passing the earlier award.

**HC rejects objections**

In July, the High Court rejected the objections, holding enforcement proceedings could not be used to reopen the underlying dispute or reconsider the tribunal's findings. It also held the proceedings were within the limitation period and directed the release of the companies' bank guarantees within eight weeks.

| Publication : The Morning Standard | Editions : New Delhi |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 1 |

# 'Nobody will trust you': SC rejects govt plea against Vedanta arbitration awards

SUCHITRA KALYAN MOHANTY
@ New Delhi

THE Supreme Court on Monday dismissed the Centre's appeal against the enforcement of two foreign arbitral awards in favour of mining major Vedanta and Ravva Oil (Singapore), questioning the government's resistance and warning that prolonged litigation will undermine global trust in India's arbitration framework.

"Nobody will trust you," a bench of justices J B Pardiwala and Manmohan said while rejecting the Centre's appeal against the Delhi High Court's July 1 order allowing the enforcement of the 2004 and 2016 Kuala Lumpur awards involving claims of $99 million.




Criticising the Centre's reluctance to accept the award, the bench asked: "What are these arguments? You are frustrating an arbitral award... at the stage of enforcement?"

The bench said it found no error in the HC ruling, which had rejected the Centre's objections to the awards.

The dispute traces its origins to a 1994 production-sharing contract between the Union government and a consortium comprising ONGC, Videocon Petroleum, Ravva Oil and Cairn Energy, whose interest passed to Cairn India and then to Vedanta for the development of Ravva oilfield in the Krishna-Godavari basin.

Following disagreement between the government and the companies over the interpretation of the contract in determining how ONGC's historic costs should be accounted for, the matter was referred to arbitration in Kuala Lumpur.

The bench asked why the matter continued for so long when the first award was in 2004 and final award in 2016.

Additional Solicitor General Vikramjit Banerjee appeared for the Centre while Mukul Rohatgi and Akhil Sibal represented Vedanta and others.

| Publication : Business Standard (Hindi) | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 4 |

# बायोडीजल के लिए सरकारी तेल कंपनियों ने बोलियां आमंत्रित कीं

**सार्वजनिक** क्षेत्र की इंडियन ऑयल, बीपीसीएल और एचपीसीएल ने नवंबर से शुरू होने वाले तीन महीने की अवधि के लिए 15 करोड़ लीटर बायोडीजल की खरीद हेतु बोलियां आमंत्रित की हैं। इसके लिए 88 रुपये प्रति लीटर का आधार मूल्य तय किया गया है।

सरकारी तेल विपणन कंपनियां (ओएमसी) इंडियन ऑयल कॉरपोरेशन, भारत पेट्रोलियम कॉरपोरेशन लिमिटेड (बीपीसीएल) और हिंदुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कॉरपोरेशन लिमिटेड (एचपीसीएल) नवीकरणीय ईंधन की खरीद को बढ़ावा दे रही हैं। तीनों कंपनियों ने 30 अक्टूबर को जारी एक संयुक्त निविदा में नवंबर, 2026 से जनवरी, 2027 के लिए 1,50,000 किलोलीटर बायोडीजल या बी100 की आपूर्ति मांगी है।

इसके लिए बोलियां जमा करने की अंतिम तिथि सात नवंबर है। यह खरीद 'इस्तेमाल हो चुके कुकिंग ऑयल' (यूसीओ) और गैर-यूसीओ स्रोतों सहित अन्य कच्चे माल से तैयार बायोडीजल के लिए है। इसकी आपूर्ति देश भर में ओएमसी के 85 ठिकानों पर की जाएगी। *भाषा*

| Publication : Echo of India | Editions : Kolkata |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 3 |

# NE Tourism & Hospitality Skill Conclave: MoU signed for Skill India International Centre

**SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT**




**GUWAHATI, NOV 2 :** Minister for Skill, Employment and Entrepreneurship, Government of Assam, Biswajit Daimary, attended the Northeast Tourism & Hospitality Skill Conclave 2026, organised by the Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE), Government of India, at Radisson Blu Hotel, Guwahati, today in the august presence of Jayant Chaudhary, Minister of State (Independent Charge) Skill Development and Entrepreneurship & Education, Government of India. The conclave focused on strengthening international mobility and expanding global employment opportunities for the youth of the Northeast, with particular emphasis on the tourism and hospitality sector.

The programme commenced with a welcome address and context-setting remarks by Manasi Sahay Thakur, IAS, Joint Secretary, Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship, Government of India. A key highlight of the programme was the exchange of a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) between the Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship, Government of India, and the Government of Assam for the establishment of a Skill India International Centre (SIIC) in Assam under the revised framework.

The proposed centre aims to strengthen the State's skill development ecosystem by providing its youth with access to industry-aligned training, internationally recognised certifications and enhanced opportunities for overseas employment. As part of the strategic partnerships to advance skill development and industry participation, a cluster was also declared under the PM-SETU initiative involving the Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship, Government of Assam, National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC), Numaligarh Refinery Limited and Oil India Limited.

Addressing the gathering, Minister Biswajit Daimary emphasised the importance of equipping Assam's youth with industry-relevant skills to help them access emerging employment opportunities across the globe. He highlighted the immense potential of the tourism and hospitality sector in the Northeast and highlighted the need for stronger collaboration between the Government, industry and skill development institutions. Union Minister Jayant Chaudhary, while addressing the gathering, highlighted the importance of strengthening the skill development ecosystem in the Northeast and creating pathways for international employment.

The workshop on international mobility in the tourism and hospitality sector brought together key stakeholders to deliberate on industry requirements, international skill standards, training opportunities and pathways for global employment.

| Publication : Hindustan (Hindi) | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 12 |

**Headline: Tender issued for the procurement of biodiesel**

# बायोडीजल खरीदने के लिए निविदा निकाली

**नई दिल्ली।** इंडियन ऑयल, बीपीसीएल और एचपीसीएल ने नवंबर से शुरू होने वाले तीन महीने की अवधि के लिए 15 करोड़ लीटर बायोडीजल की खरीद हेतु बोलियां आमंत्रित की हैं। इसके लिए 88 रुपये प्रति लीटर का आधार मूल्य तय किया गया है। तीनों कंपनियों ने संयुक्त निविदा में नवंबर, 2026 से जनवरी, 2027 के लिए 1,50,000 किलोलीटर बायोडीजल या बी100 की आपूर्ति मांगी है।

| Publication : Hindustan (Hindi) | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 9 |

**Headline: GAIL (India) Limited**



| Publication : Millennium Post | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 9 |

SUPPLIES WILL BE MADE TO 85 OMC LOCATIONS ACROSS COUNTRY

# Three oil PSUs float tender to buy 150 mn litres of biodiesel at ₹88 per litre

**OUR CORRESPONDENT**
*New Delhi, November 2*

Indian Oil Corporation, Bharat Petroleum Corporation and Hindustan Petroleum Corporation have invited bids to procure 150 million litres of biodiesel for three months beginning in November, setting a base price of Rs 88 per litre as state-run oil companies step up purchases of the renewable fuel.

The three oil marketing companies (OMCs) are seeking supplies of 1,50,000 kilolitres of biodiesel, or B100, for November 2026-January 2027, according to a joint tender issued on October 30. Bids are due by November 7.

The procurement covers biodiesel manufactured from used cooking oil (UCO) and other feedstocks, including non-UCO sources. Supplies will be made to 85 OMC locations across the country.

The move to source biodiesel comes as oil marketing companies seek to expand blending of domestically produced, low-carbon fuels with fossil fuels to curb India's dependence on imported crude oil and reduce its import bill. Having achieved 20 per cent ethanol blending in petrol, India is now looking to accelerate adoption of




biodiesel in diesel, adding another domestic biofuel to its efforts to reduce reliance on fossil fuel imports.

Biodiesel is a renewable fuel produced by processing vegetable oils, animal fats, used cooking oil and other feedstocks. It can be blended with conventional diesel, offering oil companies a route to substitute a portion of fossil fuel consumption with renewable alternatives.

The use of used cooking oil as a feedstock also provides an avenue to convert waste into fuel while creating demand for organised collection and processing of discarded cooking oil from restaurants, hotels and food businesses.

The latest tender provides a sizeable, near-term procurement opportunity for domestic biodiesel manufacturers and feedstock suppliers, with the fixed basic price offering greater visibility on the procurement value for the three-month period. At the stipulated rate, the base value of the entire 150-million-litre requirement works out to Rs 1,320 crore, before transportation and GST.

The separate winter-grade specifications, mandatory certification and stringent delivery obligations underline the importance OMCs are placing on fuel quality and uninterrupted supplies. The procurement could also support the development of domestic biodiesel manufacturing capacity and a more organised used-cooking-oil collection ecosystem.

The tender, however, does not specify the eventual blending ratio or the quantity that each oil company will purchase, with actual allocations dependent on qualified bids and subsequent orders.

## KEY POINTS

- The three oil marketing companies (OMCs) are seeking supplies of 1,50,000 kilolitres of biodiesel, or B100, for November 2026-January 2027
- The procurement covers biodiesel manufactured from used cooking oil (UCO) and other feedstocks, including non-UCO sources

The companies have fixed the basic procurement price at Rs 88 per litre, excluding GST and transportation charges, according to the tender document.

Biodiesel attracts GST at 5 per cent, while freight will be paid separately according to distance-based slabs.

Of the total requirement, 98,286 kilolitres must meet a maximum Cold Filter Plugging Point (CFPP) of 6 degrees Celsius, and the remaining 51,714 kilolitres can have a maximum CFPP of 12 degrees Celsius. The winter-grade specifications are intended to ensure the fuel remains suitable for use under different climatic conditions during the November-January procurement period.

The tender allows registered suppliers qualified under the OMCs' earlier empanelment process to participate. Individual bidders must offer at least 100 kilolitres and provide mandatory type certification demonstrating compliance with the latest IS 15607 specifications. Suppliers offering biodiesel manufactured from used cooking oil must submit certification issued by CSIR-Indian Institute of Petroleum, Dehradun.

The procurement will be allocated separately for the two CFPP categories. If aggregate offers exceed the requirement in either category, the OMCs will proportionately scale down allocations to match the specified volumes before distributing supplies among the three companies and their respective locations.

The tender also builds in performance obligations for suppliers. Vendors must meet at least 90 per cent of their prorated monthly purchase order or indent quantity, whichever is lower, or 95 per cent of the overall prorated requirement during the procurement period if monthly targets are missed. Failure to meet the prescribed thresholds will attract a price reduction clause of 3 per cent on the basic price for the short-supplied quantity.

| Publication : The Daily Guardian | Editions : New Delhi |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 7 |

# IOCL, BPCL, HPCL float 15 crore litres biodiesel procurement plan

AGENCIES
NEW DELHI

State-run oil marketing companies Indian Oil Corporation Limited (IOCL), Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited (BPCL) and Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited (HPCL) have floated a joint tender to procure 15 crore litres of biodiesel at a base price of Rs 88 per litre, translating into an indicative procurement value of Rs 1,320 crore, excluding transportation charges and GST.

According to the Expression of Interest (EOI) issued on October 30, the procurement covers the November 2026–January 2027 period, with biodiesel supplies to be delivered across 85 locations in the country.

The tender document stated, "Base price of Biodiesel for the procurement period November 2026 – January 2027 shall be Rs. 88.00 per Ltr (excl GST & Transportation)." The procurement will cover B100 biodiesel produced from used cooking oil (UCO), non-UCO feedstocks or a combination of both, with supplies required to meet the Bureau of Indian Standards specification IS 15607:2022.

Of the total 1,50,000 kilolitres (KL) required, 98,286 KL must meet a maximum cold filter plugging point (CFPP) of 6 degrees Celsius, while the remaining 51,714 KL must meet a maximum CFPP of 12 degrees Celsius, depending on the delivery location.

The tender has invited bids from registered suppliers already qualified under the oil marketing companies' empanelment process. Suppliers must offer a minimum quantity of 100 KL to qualify for allocation.

| Publication : The Free Press Journal | Editions : Mumbai |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 8 |

# LANXESS, BPCL join hands to develop advanced lubricant technologies

**FPJ News Service**
MUMBAI

Specialty chemicals major LANXESS and Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited (BPCL) have joined hands to explore advanced industrial lubricant technologies, specialty fluids and next-generation solutions, aiming to strengthen India's industrial manufacturing capabilities.

The companies signed a non-exclusive Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) on November 2, 2026, to explore technical and commercial collaboration, including product development, localisation, OEM approvals and market expansion.

The proposed partnership will cover high-performance industrial oils, hydraulic and turbine oils, specialty greases, refrigeration lubricants, immersion cooling fluids for data centres and industrial additive solutions.

Both companies will also explore emerging applications in electric vehicle fluids, bio-based lubricants, hydrogen technologies and environmentally sustainable products.

| Publication : The Pioneer | Editions : New Delhi |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 9 |

# GAIL's revenue rises to ₹84,905 crore

PIONEER NEWS SERVICE
New Delhi




GAIL (India) Limited on Monday announced its financial results for the second quarter of financial year 2026-27. The company reported revenue from operations of ₹84,905 crore for the period April — September 2026 as compared to ₹69,824 crore in corresponding period of Financial Year 2025-26.

Profit Before Tax (PBT) for H1 FY27 stood at ₹11,611 crore as compared to ₹5,357 crore for the corresponding period in previous year. Profit After Tax (PAT) stood at ₹8,943 crore in H1 FY27 as compared to ₹4,104 crore in corresponding period of previous year.

The quarter reflected resilience in transmission and Natural Gas marketing performance.

Despite geopolitical headwinds, the Company saw robust volumes across all major segments. On consolidated basis, for H1 FY27, Revenue from Operations stood at ₹88,651 crore, compared to ₹71,086crore in H1 FY26.PBT stood at ₹12,368 crore, compared to ₹5,594 crore in corresponding period of previous year.PAT (excluding minority interest) stood at ₹9,385 crore, as against ₹4,342 crore in H1 Financial year 26.

During H1FY27, the Company recorded a capex of ₹7,600 crore against annual planned capex of ~₹12,900 crore in line with its long-term growth strategy.

| Publication : The Pioneer | Editions : New Delhi |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 1, 4 |

# India trade freeze costs Pak $40B

**ASHOKE RAJ** ■ New Delhi

Pakistan has incurred an estimated $40 billion in economic losses since bilateral trade with India was halted in 2019, following the Pulwama terror attack and the subsequent deterioration in relations, according to the Pak-India Business Council.

Council chairman Noor Muhammad Qasuri has urged both countries to recon-



sider the suspension of commercial ties, arguing that renewed trade could reduce business costs, encourage investment and strengthen regional economic cooperation.

Pakistani businesses have been compelled to source essential raw materials and other products from more distant countries since direct trade with India stopped. This has increased freight charges, transportation expenses, and delivery times, Council chairman Noor Muhammad Qasuri said.

CONTINUED ON >> P4

| Publication : The Pioneer | Editions : New Delhi |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 1, 4 |

# India trade freeze costs Pak $40B

He highlighted the pharmaceutical sector as one of the industries facing difficulties due to the trade restrictions. Pakistan's medicine manufacturers previously relied on India for certain raw materials, and resuming imports could potentially generate annual savings of $2 billion to $3 billion, he said.

The textile industry has also faced a significant financial burden, particularly amid declining domestic cotton production. Qasuri estimated that Pakistani textile manufacturers had incurred an additional expenditure of around $5 billion after turning to suppliers in Brazil, Egypt, China and the United States to meet their cotton requirements.

He further pointed out that Pakistan continues to procure several essential commodities, including sugar, fertilisers, cement, petroleum products, iron, steel, vegetables and heavy machinery, from distant international markets despite India's capacity to supply many of these goods.

Qasuri argued that restoring commercial relations could make imports more economical and improve supply-chain efficiency. Given the geographical proximity of Indian oil refineries, access to petroleum products from India could also reduce transportation expenses and ensure faster deliveries.

Beyond trade, he expressed concern about the shrinking area under cotton cultivation in Pakistan. Farmers in traditional cotton-producing regions have increasingly shifted towards sugarcane cultivation, creating additional challenges for the country's textile sector. He called for stronger agricultural policies to encourage cotton production and support the industry.

The business council chairman also stressed that renewed economic engagement could benefit both countries by creating opportunities in investment, tourism and other commercial activities. He suggested that Pakistan could attract Indian visitors interested in religious destinations, historical landmarks and ancestral villages, potentially boosting its tourism industry.

Highlighting the importance of regional partnerships, Qasuri cited India's financial assistance to Sri Lanka during its economic crisis as an example of how neighbouring countries can support one another during challenging economic circumstances.

He maintained that political disagreements should not prevent the two countries from exploring mutually beneficial economic opportunities. According to him, unresolved disputes could continue to be addressed through diplomatic dialogue while economic engagement is gradually restored.

Qasuri also pointed to the historical, cultural and family connections shared by people in Pakistan and India, saying these common ties could provide a basis for improving bilateral relations.

He reiterated that reopening trade channels could ease financial pressure on Pakistani businesses while creating wider opportunities for economic growth and regional cooperation.

| Publication : Business Standard | Editions : New Delhi |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 8 |

# *Nordhaus: Connecting the dots between climate change & economics*

AMOL AGRAWAL



William Nordhaus, Professor of economics at Yale University, passed away recently. His ideas and models laid the foundation for economics of climate change, one of the most pressing issues of our time.

In recognition of his work, Nordhaus was awarded the Nobel Prize in economics in 2018 "for integrating climate change into long-run macroeconomic analysis" (Paul Romer was coawarded "for integrating technological innovations into long-run macroeconomic analysis").

Nordhaus completed his doctorate in economics at Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) under Robert Solow, a Nobel Laureate. Solow was awarded the Nobel Prize in 1987 "for his contributions to the theory of economic growth."

Solow's work was instrumental in producing future Nobel Laureates.

In his autobiography on the Nobel Prize website, Nordhaus narrates how his early interest in environment and climate change was perhaps due to his father's deep interests in skiing.

He adds that because of global warming, "my boyhood ski area of La Madera will no longer offer skiing" as no ice will remain.

This early environmental awareness proved handy as after his doctorate in 1967, he started working seriously on integrating climate change into growth models pioneered by his adviser Solow.

The early 1970s saw a revival of "high-water mark of modern Malthusianism" in Nordhaus's words.

In 1798, British economist Thomas Robert Malthus had prophesised that population growth will always be higher than food growth, leading to continuous human misery.

Though, the Malthusianism theory was proven wrong due to constant innovations by humanity, the ideas kept coming back.

In the 1970s, books such as *The Population Bomb* and *The Limits to Growth*, brought the Malthusian doomsday predictions to the fore.

The 1970s also saw oil shocks pushing the world economy into stagflation — high inflation and low growth.

The blame was laid on the growth fetish which not just led to enormous burden on natural resources but also created negative externality of pollution.

Famous economists usually say how the economic/political crises shaped their early world and research.

It was no different for Nordhaus. While the world was descending into chaos of stagflation, it provided food for thought for the then young economist Nordhaus.

Climate change was based on physical sciences and Nordhaus started to explore economics of climate science.

He was fortuitous to have been posted to the International Institute of Applied Systems Analysis at Vienna where he worked with climate scientists to connect the dots between science and economics.

The end-result was the first Integrated Assessment Model (IAM) which laid the foundation of modelling climate science economics.

The Nordhaus model was built on the Solow model which said the growth of a country is driven by a combination of technology, labour and capital.

Nordhaus asked whether growth can continue with constraints of climate change and carbon emissions.

The climate question became integral to the growth process: While economic growth affects climate, climate change also effects economic growth.

Climate change is a global problem and has to be modelled accordingly.

The IAM models were later expanded to Dynamic Integrated Model of Climate and Economy (DICE) models and Regional Integrated Model of Climate and Economy (RICE) models, which integrated the global economy and global climate system.

These models have been used extensively to estimate the economic consequences of global warming based on multiple scenarios.

Key insights from these models were that emitters should face the costs of emitting.

Economists use market prices to determine economic behaviour. However, there were no market prices due to externalities. The IAM models used linear programming techniques to estimate shadow prices of carbon emissions.

Nordhaus interpreted the shadow carbon price as "carbon tax" which has become central to climate policies today.

The discussions also shaped carbon trading system under which industry players are given carbon permits.

The heavy polluters can buy credits from not-so-heavy polluters.

The World Bank notes that 47 countries have implemented carbon tax and 34 countries have carbon credit mechanisms.

Nordhaus' work was also criticised for underestimating the impact of climate change and saying that aggressive climate change policies will lower economic growth.

Apart from laying the foundations of climate science economics, Nordhaus was also a familiar name for economics students.

In 1948, Paul Samuelson (his teacher at MIT) started publishing the first major-textbook titled *Economics*.

Nordhaus joined Samuelson as coauthor in 1985 and continued to revise subsequent editions after Samuelson passed away in 2009.

Nordhaus also superbly documented the history of lighting, showing how cost of lighting has declined several times more than suggested by the official estimates.

Thus, he argued that the measures of economic progress are massively underestimating the actual progress made by innovations and technology in human life.

Many economists today cite his lighting paper as influential as his work on climate science.

The author teaches economics at the National Institute of Securities Markets

| Publication : Business Standard | Editions : New Delhi |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 8 |

# Iran: No breakthrough, but peace efforts go on

**REUTERS**
2 November

Contacts between Iran and the United States (US) to end their eight-month war are continuing, Tehran's foreign ministry said on Monday, after days of Iranian talks with Qatari mediators ended with altered proposals but no breakthrough.

"I can tell you that the dialogues are continuing. However, the issue is complex," said Foreign Ministry spokesperson Esmaeil Baghaei, adding that the two sides were exchanging messages through mediators.

Amid fears the conflict could reignite after Tuesday's midterm elections in the US, China and Russia both spoke out on Monday against the possibility of renewed military action in a war that has hit the global economy.

Baghaei said the plan Iran had submitted in September to end the war remained the focus of discussions, but he confirmed comments attributed to Foreign Minister Abbas Araghchi on Saturday that the proposal could be shortened. "The basis of dialogue and talks between Iran and the US via mediators is still Iran's seven-steps proposal, which is now condensed, making it possible to implement it within two days," he said.



"I CAN TELL YOU THAT THE DIALOGUES ARE CONTINUING. HOWEVER, THE ISSUE IS COMPLEX"

Esmaeil Baghaei,
Foreign Ministry spokesperson, Iran

**Kuwait's oil output in Oct highest since start of war**

Kuwait raised its crude oil production to 2.1 million barrels per day (bpd) in October, the highest level since the outbreak of the Iran war and an increase of over 300,000 bpd from September, a person with direct knowledge of the matter said. The rise came despite a record number of attacks on shipping in the Strait of Hormuz.

**UAE to invest in new export routes**

The United Arab Emirates (UAE) will protect its energy infrastructure and invest in new export routes, storage capacity abroad and shipping fleets to be better prepared for the West Asia crisis, according to Energy Minister Suhail al-Mazrouei. He said the course of the war could not be predicted, but the UAE would be better prepared. The UAE is building a new pipeline to Fujairah that will double crude capacity by next year.

| Publication : Business Standard | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 4 |

# Skill, corporate affairs ministries top underspenders in H1FY27

**Progress report**

**% of BE target met by ministries in H1FY27**

(Expenditure in ₹ crore)



| Ministry | FY27 BE | H1FY27 | % of BE met |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Leaders** | | | |
| Railways | 2,81,377.3 | 215,462.2 | 77 |
| Mines | 3,806.5 | 2,838.7 | 75 |
| Chemicals & fertilisers | 1,77,061.5 | 121,550.9 | 69 |
| Consumer affairs* | 2,39,521.4 | 158,431.4 | 66 |
| New & renewable energy | 32,914.7 | 21,152.7 | 64 |
| **Laggards** | | | |
| Skill development** | 9,885.8 | 773.2 | 8 |
| Corporate affairs | 5,561.9 | 436.5 | 8 |
| Coal | 3,635.3 | 502.8 | 14 |
| Jal shakti | 94,807.8 | 15,336.3 | 16 |
| Minority affairs | 3,400.0 | 569.6 | 17 |

*food & public distribution; **& entrepreneurship Source: CGA

**KRITY AMBEY**
New Delhi, 2 November

Two ministries — those of skill development & entrepreneurship, and corporate affairs — spent just 8 per cent of their allocations under the FY27 Budget Estimates (BE) in April-September this financial year — this, when the finance ministry has begun pre-Budget consultations for the next Budget.

According to the latest data with the Controller General of Accounts (CGA), of the 47 ministries and departments that have a BE of more than ₹3,000 crore, only 19 had used more than 45 per cent of it. The Ministry of Coal's rate is 14 per cent while the Ministry of Jal Shakti and Ministry of Minority Affairs spent just 16 per cent and 17 per cent, respectively.

Among other slow spenders, the Ministry of Jal Shakti also recorded the largest shortfall in absolute terms, having used ₹15,336 crore against its full-year allocation of nearly ₹95,000 crore.

Several other major ministries too have recorded slow progress.

The Ministry of Rural Development used 31 per cent of its allocation of ₹1.97 trillion while the Ministry of Education spent 25 per cent of its allotment of ₹1.40 trillion.

The Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs achieved 31 per cent of its ₹85,522 crore.

At the other end of the spectrum, the Ministry of Railways emerged as the fastest spender, having used 77 per cent of its ₹2.81 trillion, followed by the Ministry of Mines at 75 per cent.

The Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilisers spent 69 per cent while the Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution, and the Ministry of New and Renewable Energy rang up 66 per cent and 64 per cent, respectively.

The Centre met nearly 48 per cent of its BE for expenditure in April-September (H1FY27) with a spending of ₹25.50 trillion. The government has exhausted 42 per cent of its fiscal-deficit target during the first half of FY27.

State Bank of India in a research note said it expected the central government to exceed its fiscal-deficit target of 4.3 per cent of gross domestic product in FY27 by 40 basis points due to excise duty cuts, a higher subsidy bill and the base-year revision. "The only possible option with Government to contain fiscal deficit within Budget Estimates is to cut in expenditure," it added.

Among ministries with some of the largest budgetary apportionments, the Ministry of Defence spent 53 per cent of its ₹7.85 trillion, while that of Home Affairs notched up 54 per cent of its ₹2.55 trillion.

The Ministry of Finance, which has the largest allocation of ₹19.73 trillion, had spent ₹8.28 trillion, or 42 per cent of its BE, by the end of September.

Its large allocation is partly on account of interest payments, which accounted for more than three-fourths of the ministry's expenditure during H1FY27.

The Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, one of the government's major infrastructure spenders, used 58 per cent of its annual allocation of ₹3.10 trillion.

The Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas spent 63 per cent of its allocation while it was 39 per cent for the Ministry of Power.

**Trends in capex**

The Ministry of Railways also led in capital expenditure, having spent 67 per cent of its FY27 allocation by September.

The Ministry of Road Transport and Highways followed at 57 per cent, while the Ministry of Defence and Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs scored 44 per cent and 43 per cent, respectively.

The Ministry of Science and Technology was the slowest in capex, having spent just 2 per cent of its annual allocation.

In absolute terms, the ministry spent only ₹425 crore against its FY27 capex BE of around ₹20,091 crore.

The Centre's overall capex stood at ₹6.55 trillion in H1FY27, accounting for nearly 54 per cent of its full-year target.

Capital expenditure has been the key tool in the Centre's economic strategy in the last five years. The government ramped up its own capex to revive the economy in the aftermath of the pandemic.

With the capex aim of ₹12.22 trillion set for FY27, the government has nearly tripled its spending since FY21.

| Publication : Business Standard (Hindi) | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 18 |

# ईवी पंजीकरण में 75 फीसदी उछाल

## अक्टूबर में 36,646 इलेक्ट्रिक वाहनों का हुआ पंजीकरण

सोहिनी दास

इलेक्ट्रिक वाहनों (ईवी) की बिक्री रफ्तार पकड़ती दिख रही है। अक्टूबर महीने में इलेक्ट्रिक यात्री वाहनों के पंजीकरण में सालाना आधार पर करीब 75 फीसदी की जोरदार वृद्धि दर्ज की गई। इसके उलट कुल यात्री वाहन बाजार में 14.6 फीसदी की गिरावट आई। इलेक्ट्रिक वाहनों की बढ़ती मांग ने टाटा मोटर्स और महिंद्रा ऐंड महिंद्रा जैसी कंपनियों को पारंपरिक वाहनों की बिक्री में आई तेज गिरावट के असर को कम करने में मदद की।

मार्केट इंटेलिजेंस फर्म जेटो डायनेमिक्स के आंकड़ों के मुताबिक इस साल अक्टूबर में यात्री वाहनों का पंजीकरण घटकर 5,01,406 वाहन रह गया जो पिछले साल इसी महीने में 5,87,103 वाहन था। हालांकि ईवी का पंजीकरण 74.7 फीसदी बढ़कर 36,646 वाहन रहा जो एक साल पहले 20,979 वाहन था। पारंपरिक पेट्रोल-डीजल इंजन (आईसीई) वाले वाहनों का पंजीकरण 17.9 फीसदी घटकर 4,64,760 वाहन रह गया।

इसका नतीजा यह हुआ कि यात्री वाहन बाजार में ईवी की हिस्सेदारी लगभग दोगुनी होकर 7.3 फीसदी हो गई जो पिछले साल इसी अवधि में 3.6 फीसदी थी।

टाटा मोटर्स और महिंद्रा के मामले में यह अंतर विशेष रूप से स्पष्ट रहा। इन कंपनियों के इलेक्ट्रिक वाहनों की बढ़ती संख्या ने पारंपरिक ईंधन वाहनों के पंजीकरण में आई तेज गिरावट के असर को कम किया।

टाटा मोटर्स के अक्टूबर में पंजीकृत हर पांच यात्री वाहनों में से एक वान ईवी था। कंपनी के ईवी पंजीकरण में 76.3 फीसदी की वृद्धि हुई और यह 8,259 वाहन से बढ़कर 14,560 वाहन पहुंच गया। अक्टूबर में कंपनी के कुल वाहन पंजीकरण में ईवी की हिस्सेदारी 20.2 फीसदी रही जो पिछले साल 10.4 फीसदी थी। लेकिन टाटा मोटर्स के आईसीई वाहनों का पंजीकरण 18.7 फीसदी घटकर 57,693 वाहन रह गया। इस तरह कंपनी के कुल वाहन पंजीकरण में 8.8 फीसदी की गिरावट दर्ज की गई।

महिंद्रा में भी यही रुझान देखने को मिला। कंपनी के इलेक्ट्रिक वाहनों का पंजीकरण 84.2 फीसदी उछलकर 4,599 वाहन से 8,473 वाहन हो गया। अक्टूबर में कंपनी के कुल पंजीकृत वाहन में ईवी की हिस्सेदारी 13.2 फीसदी रही यानी लगभग हर आठ में से एक वाहन इलेक्ट्रिक था। एक साल पहले यह हिस्सेदारी 6.3 फीसदी थी। महिंद्रा के आईसीई वाहनों का पंजीकरण 19.1 फीसदी घटा जबकि कुल पंजीकरण 12.6 फीसदी कम होकर 64,063 वाहन रह गया।



यात्री वाहन बाजार में कुल पंजीकरण में 14.6 फीसदी की आई गिरावट

जेटो डायनेमिक्स के प्रेसिडेंट रवि भाटिया ने कहा, 'इलेक्ट्रिक वाहनों की ओर बदलाव अब केवल भविष्य की रणनीति नहीं रह गया है बल्कि यह वृद्धि का प्रमुख कारक बनता जा रहा है। अक्टूबर में यात्री वाहन पंजीकरण में कुल 14.6 फीसदी की गिरावट आई वहीं ईवी के पंजीकरण में करीब 75 फीसदी की वृद्धि देखी गई। टाटा और महिंद्रा को पारंपरिक ईंधन वाले वाहनों के पंजीकरण में आई तेज गिरावट के असर को कम करने में इलेक्ट्रिक वाहनों से मदद मिली।' भाटिया ने कहा, 'ग्राहक अब तेजी से इलेक्ट्रिक विकल्पों पर विचार कर रहे हैं। ऐसे में उन वाहन कंपनियों को बढ़त मिलेगी जो कीमत, रेंज और वाहन के स्वामित्व से जुड़े अनुभव के मोर्चे पर बेहतर प्रदर्शन करेंगी। उद्योग के लिए बड़ा जोखिम यह है कि बदलाव अपनाने में पीछे रहने वाली कंपनियां अपनी हिस्सेदारी गंवा सकती हैं।'

अक्टूबर के आंकड़े 2026 के दौरान इलेक्ट्रिक यात्री वाहनों को अपनाने के व्यापक रुझान को भी दर्शाते हैं। वाहन पोर्टल के आंकड़ों के मुताबिक ईवी पंजीकरण जनवरी में 21,029 वाहन था जो अक्टूबर में बढ़कर 35,777 वाहन हो गया। सितंबर में यह आंकड़ा 37,284 के अपने उच्चतम स्तर पर पहुंच गया था। इस साल के पहले 10 महीनों में टाटा मोटर्स के 1,17,547 इलेक्ट्रिक वाहन पंजीकृत हुए। इसके बाद महिंद्रा का स्थान रहा जिसके 66,945 वाहन पंजीकृत हुए। एमजी वाहनों के पंजीकरण की संख्या 55,016 रही। अक्टूबर में कुल इलेक्ट्रिक यात्री वाहन पंजीकरण में इन तीन कंपनियों की समेकित हिस्सेदारी 83 फीसदी से अधिक रही।

टाटा मोटर्स पैसेंजर व्हीकल्स ने बताया कि अक्टूबर में उसने 5,000 से अधिक पंच ईवी की बिक्री की। कंपनी के मुताबिक उसके इलेक्ट्रिक वाहनों की मांग आपूर्ति से अधिक बनी हुई है। इसे देखते हुए उत्पादन बढ़ाने और वाहनों की उपलब्धता बेहतर करने के प्रयास किए जा रहे हैं।

अक्टूबर में मारुति सुजूकी के वाहन पंजीकरण सालाना आधार पर 15.2 फीसदी घटकर 2,11,529 कारें रह गईं जबकि ह्युंडै मोटर 16.6 फीसदी की गिरावट के साथ 57,915 वाहन रहा। किया का पंजीकरण 13.4 फीसदी घटकर 30,667 वाहन रहा। इसके विपरीत एमजी के पंजीकरण में 4.3 फीसदीऔर निसान में 23 फीसदी की वृद्धि दर्ज की गई।

हालांकि जेटो ने आगाह किया कि अक्टूबर के आंकड़ों की तुलना करते समय त्योहारों के कैलेंडर में बदलाव को ध्यान में रखना जरूरी है। इस साल दिवाली 8 नवंबर को है जबकि पिछले साल यह अक्टूबर में थी। ऐसे में बुकिंग, डिलिवरी और पंजीकरण का समय एक महीने से दूसरे महीने में खिसक सकता है।

इसलिए नवंबर के पंजीकरण के आंकड़ों से यह स्पष्ट होगा कि अक्टूबर में आई गिरावट त्योहारों के कैलेंडर में बदलाव का नतीजा थी या यात्री वाहनों की मांग में वास्तव में सुस्ती आ रही है।

अक्टूबर में खुदरा पंजीकरण में गिरावट के बावजूद यात्री वाहनों की थोक बिक्री में सालाना आधार पर 12.4 फीसदी बढ़कर 5,28,384 वाहन रही। उद्योग के आंकड़ों के मुताबिक वाहन कंपनियों ने त्योहारों के दौरान मजबूत मांग दर्ज की। मारुति सुजूकी की घरेलू थोक बिक्री 20.5 फीसदी बढ़कर 2,12,384 कारें रही, जबकि टाटा मोटर्स की थोक बिक्री में 20.9 फीसदी की वृद्धि देखी गई। इस साल दीवाली 8 नवंबर को होने के कारण खुदरा मांग की वास्तविक तस्वीर नवंबर के पंजीकरण आंकड़ों से अधिक स्पष्ट होगी।

| Publication : Dainik Bhaskar (Hindi) | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 4 |

**Headline: American oil companies raked in huge profits**

इस हफ्ते चर्चा में...

## अमेरिकी तेल कंपनियों ने जमकर मुनाफा कमाया



**12.32 लाख करोड़ रु.**
मुनाफा कमाया है अमेरिकी तेल कंपनियों ने ईरान युद्ध से। इससे तेल, गैस की कीमतें बढ़ी हैं।

**5% गिरावट**
आएगी इस साल खाड़ी के अरब देशों की विकास दर में। इसका कारण तेल और गैस के निर्यात में कमी है।

**1.61 लाख करोड़ रु.**
में खरीद रही है, एआई कंपनी एंथ्रोपिक रिटेल डिलीवरी कंपनी इंस्टाकार्ट को।

| Publication : Dainik Jagran (Hindi) | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 9 |

**Headline: Oil companies will purchase 150 million litres of biodiesel**



## तेल कंपनियां 15 करोड़ लीटर बायोडीजल खरीदेंगी

**नई दिल्ली:** तीनों सरकारी तेल कंपनियों- इंडियन आयल कारपोरेशन, भारत पेट्रोलियम कारपोरेशन और हिंदुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कारपोरेशन ने 15 करोड़ लीटर बायोडीजल खरीदने के लिए बोलियां मांगी हैं। यह खरीद नवंबर 2026 से जनवरी 2027 के दौरान की जाएगी। 30 अक्टूबर को जारी संयुक्त निविदा के अनुसार, सात नवंबर तक आवेदन जमा किए जा सकते हैं। इस्तेमाल किए गए खाना पकाने के तेल और अन्य कच्चे माल से बायोडीजल तैयार किया जा सकता है। आधार मूल्य 88 रुपये प्रति लीटर तय किया है। (प्रेट्र)

| Publication : Deccan Chronicle | Editions : Chennai |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 8 |

# IRAN OFFERS TO REOPEN HORMUZ, SAYS U.S. EXCHANGES UNDERWAY

**Tehran, Nov. 2:** Iran on Monday said "intensive" exchanges were underway with Washington and offered to reopen the Strait of Hormuz under strict conditions, as efforts escalated to avert a return to war.

Foreign minister Abbas Araghchi said indirect talks were taking place via mediators. China also urged a return to negotiations, while Iran's security chief discussed the conflict with Russian President Vladimir Putin.

Oil prices, sent rocketing by Iran's blockade of Hormuz, dropped more than six per cent on Monday on optimism over the eight-month-old conflict. "Deliberations are intensive," Araghchi said in an interview with the IRNA news agency. — *AFP*

| Publication : Financial Express | Editions : New Delhi |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 1, 3 |

ECONOMY PAGE 3

## RE INVESTMENTS SHIELDED INDIA DURING WAR: PM



PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA Modi on Monday said India's investments in clean energy over the past decade had helped the country avert a severe energy crisis amid the conflict in West Asia, reports **Saurav Anand**.

| Publication : Financial Express | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 1, 3 |

INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES EXCEEDING ₹20 LAKH CRORE

# Clean energy shielded India from West Asia crisis: Modi

- Govt eyeing 500 GW more green power capacity in 10-11 years

SAURAV ANAND
New Delhi, November 2



Prime Minister Narendra Modi at the four-day Bharat Renewable Energy Summit & Expo 2026 at Bharat Mandapam, in New Delhi on Monday PTI

**PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA** Modi on Monday said India's investments in clean energy over the past decade had helped the country avert a severe energy crisis amid the ongoing conflict in West Asia, as he outlined plans to add another 500 gigawatts (GW) of non-fossil fuel power capacity over the next 10-11 years and called for reducing dependence on imported fuels.

Addressing the Bharat Renewable Energy Summit & Expo 2026 in New Delhi, Modi said that continued reliance on fossil fuels would repeatedly expose the global economy to disruptions, stressing that energy security was directly linked to economic security.

"If India had not invested in clean energy and created new systems for this over the past decade, then our crisis could have been much more severe than the rest of the world," the prime minister said.

He added that the ongoing conflict had reinforced the importance of energy independence. "This global crisis has given a clear signal to every country that energy security is directly linked to economic security," he said, emphasising that the future of energy security lay in clean energy.

The Prime Minister said India's renewable energy sector had attracted investments exceeding ₹15 lakh crore ($164 billion) over the past decade, including more than ₹6 lakh crore ($63 billion) in the two years since the 2024 RE-INVEST Summit. Investment opportunities in the sector could exceed ₹20 lakh crore ($220 billion) by 2030.

Highlighting the country's expanding ambitions, Modi said India was targeting another 500 GW of non-fossil capacity over the next 10-11 years, beyond its existing goal of reaching 500 GW by 2030.

"This target is somewhat difficult, but I have faith in the capability of my country; therefore I say, we will do it," Modi said.

India achieved its Paris Agreement commitment of having 50% of installed electricity capacity from non-fossil sources in 2025, five years ahead of schedule. According to the renewable energy ministry, installed non-fossil capacity stood at around 308 GW at the end of September 2026.

Against the backdrop of disruptions to gas supplies from West Asia, Modi also called for a Clean Cooking Movement to reduce household dependence on imported gas through rooftop solar-powered cooking.

"We have to launch a Clean Cooking Movement," he said, urging startups and innovators to develop solutions that allow households to cook using electricity generated by rooftop solar installations.

| Publication : Financial Express | Editions : New Delhi |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 2 |

# Grain ethanol firms push for price revision

SANDIP DAS
New Delhi, November 2

**GRAIN-BASED ETHANOL** manufacturers have urged the Centre to review procurement prices and allocation norms for the 2026-27 supply year, warning that restrictions on sugar-based feedstocks could disrupt supplies and undermine the viability of maize-based distilleries.

The government has barred oil marketing companies (OMCs) from procuring ethanol made from sugarcane juice, sugar syrup and B-heavy molasses for the November 2026-October 2027 supply year. "The procurement price for maize-based ethanol had been cut from ₹71.86/litre to ₹68.86/litre, would hit the financial viability of corn-based distilleries and farmers' income," CK Jain, president, Grain Ethanol Manufacturers' Association (GEMA), told *FE*.

Jain said the tender placed a disproportionate burden on rice-based feedstocks, particularly FCI's surplus foodgrain, priced at ₹60.32 per litre, and damaged foodgrains, priced at ₹64 per litre. This, he said, could weaken maize's role in the biofuel sector. The price differential had created uncertainty over the distribution of procurement demand, particularly as maize prices had risen sharply.

| Publication : Jansatta (Hindi) | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 10 |

**Headline: Oil companies have issued tenders to buy biodiesel**

## तेल कंपनियों ने बायोडीजल खरीदने को निकाली निविदा

नई दिल्ली, 2 नवंबर (भाषा)।

सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र की इंडियन आयल, बीपीसीएल और एचपीसीएल ने नवंबर से शुरू होने वाले तीन महीने की अवधि के लिए 15 करोड़ लीटर बायोडीजल की खरीद हेतु बोलियां आमंत्रित की हैं। सरकारी तेल विपणन कंपनियां (ओएमसी) इंडियन आयल कारपोरेशन, भारत पेट्रोलियम कारपोरेशन लिमिटेड (बीपीसीएल) और हिंदुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कारपोरेशन लिमिटेड (एचपीसीएल) नवीकरणीय ईंधन की खरीद को बढ़ावा दे रही हैं। तीनों कंपनियों ने 30 अक्तूबर को जारी एक संयुक्त निविदा में नवंबर, 2026 से जनवरी, 2027 के लिए 1,50,000 किलोलीटर बायोडीजल या बी100 की आपूर्ति मांगी है।

| Publication : Mint | Editions : New Delhi |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 12 |

# U.S. pushes to restore Russian gas sales to Europe via Ukraine

## The idea for an energy ceasefire between Moscow and Kyiv faces resistance in Europe

Yaroslav Trofimov, Drew Hinshaw & Joe Parkinson



The idea would involve selling Russian gas via a U.S. intermediary to circumvent European sanctions. BLOOMBERG

The U.S. is backing a quick resumption of Russian natural-gas sales to Europe via pipelines running through Moscow's wartime enemy—Ukraine—as part of negotiations aimed at securing an energy ceasefire ahead of the coming winter, according to U.S., European and Ukrainian officials.

The idea, broached by U.S. envoys Jared Kushner and Steve Witkoff during trips to Moscow and Kyiv in September, would involve selling Russian gas via a U.S. intermediary to circumvent European sanctions—and could create a lucrative opportunity for American investors, people who attended the discussions said.

Under current European Union legislation, all purchases of Russian natural gas must be phased out by the end of 2027. Leaders of Europe's biggest nations have said that they have no interest in restoring their dependence on energy supplies from a country they view as their top strategic threat.

The plan was put on the back burner last month after Ukraine unilaterally stopped striking Russian refineries under pressure from President Trump. Kyiv paused strikes on Russian refineries for almost two weeks as Russia continued pounding Ukraine's energy infrastructure and as Moscow began shipping diesel to the U.S. The U.S. shifted focus to the possibility of a more substantial peace agreement.

Kyiv, however, resumed its air campaign on Friday, launching three attacks on three major Russian refineries in the past three days. This has brought new urgency to the pursuit of a more comprehensive energy ceasefire ahead of three-way peace negotiations that are planned between the U.S., Russia and Ukraine for mid-November in Abu Dhabi. Russia so far has rebuffed American attempts to strike such a deal.

In the view of U.S. negotiators, a Russian comeback to the European natural-gas market would create a powerful incentive for President Vladimir Putin to agree. Using the Soviet-era pipeline network that runs to Europe via Ukraine from the Urengoi gas fields in Siberia would also provide Kyiv with badly needed revenue from transit fees.

White House officials proposed that Russia deposit proceeds earned from these gas sales to Europe into an escrow account in a third-party jurisdiction, so that the Kremlin won't use the money to finance its war, said a senior U.S. official. They have tried to sell the idea to European leaders as a way to lower energy prices ahead of a winter when Europe's gas reserves have reached their lowest seasonal level in several years.

Such pressure represents a complete about-turn from Trump's first administration. Back then, Trump repeatedly chastised German Chancellor Angela Merkel for building the Nord Stream 2 pipeline from Russia. He warned that Nord Stream 2 would make Germany "captive to Russia," and, in late 2019, imposed sanctions on it.

Just over two years later, Russia—its military funded by energy-export revenues—invaded Ukraine, betting that Europe wouldn't react because of its heavy economic dependence on Moscow.

The war, however, prompted the Europeans to view dependence on Russian natural gas a strategic vulnerability to a hostile power they no longer trust. The EU has passed legislation sharply curtailing Russian gas imports and outlawing them altogether by the end of next year. The current official European position is that the EU won't resume purchases of Russian gas even after a full peace agreement with Russia, let alone as part of a tenuous energy ceasefire that allows Putin to continue the war and provides funding for his military.

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

EU Energy Commissioner Dan Jorgensen, in an interview with a Hungarian newspaper in October that his office has confirmed, said the ban on Russian gas imports should be permanent.

"I certainly would not trust Russia. Even if there were peace tomorrow, which we all hope for," he said.

The Trump administration is wagering that European resistance will prove to be less rigid than meets the eye.

But in private, some senior European officials are more blunt. A senior Nordic official said the idea of resuming Russian gas purchases goes against everything the Europeans stand for, while a senior official from a large European nation compared it to former British leader Neville Chamberlain sacrificing Czechoslovakia to Hitler in exchange for business deals.

The U.S., for its part, now sees an eventual reopening of Nord Stream as a potentially important component of a larger deal, not just to end the war in Ukraine but to resolve Russia's long-standing friction with America's European allies. Merkel's mistake, a senior U.S. official said, was to pursue the pipeline without first working toward a wider security arrangement with Russia that Moscow could feel comfortable with.

A U.S. official said negotiators had discussed various economic proposals throughout negotiations. Europeans have expressed interest in a proposal that would drastically reduce gas prices across the continent, the official said, adding that any economic agreements would be part of a comprehensive peace deal.

Russia and Germany built the first Nord Stream pipeline to bypass the networks running via Ukraine in 2011. Nord Stream 1, which halted deliveries in August 2022, and Nord Stream 2, which was never put into operation, were badly damaged in underwater explosions attributed to Ukraine in September 2022. Restarting them would take considerable time, even if political and regulatory hurdles could somehow be overcome.

By contrast, the network running through Ukraine, with connections to Slovakia and onward to Austria and Germany, could be restarted almost immediately. Limited quantities of gas continued to flow through it until it was shut down in January 2025, well into the full-scale war between Russia and Ukraine.

Today, just 11% of Europe's natural gas comes from Russia, down from 45% on the eve of the war. U.S. liquefied-natural gas accounts for 30% of European consumption, while Russian gas is imported either via LNG tankers or through the TurkStream pipelines supplying Hungary and Slovakia.

The fallout from Trump's war on Iran could erode Europe's resistance, European officials acknowledge. Qatari liquefied-natural gas shipments remain bottled up inside the Persian Gulf, and a global surge in energy prices has continued even with more oil shipments passing through the Strait of Hormuz. Europe has spent an additional 100 billion euros, about $112 billion, on energy as the result of the war with Iran, according to the EU.

Europe's underground natural-gas storage is about 75% full, and the continent will enter the coming winter with stocks below the nine-year average, according to the EU's energy regulators.

Germany's main opposition party, the far-right Alternative for Germany, has already made the resumption of cheap natural-gas imports from Russia a key part of its campaign ahead of national elections slated for 2028.

It would be easier for Europe to change its position if Kyiv endorsed the gas sales as part of a ceasefire that would prevent energy blackouts and a possible humanitarian catastrophe in major Ukrainian cities, potentially triggering a new exodus of refugees in coming months, diplomats said. That is especially so as Ukraine has run out of air defenses, with the U.S. restricting supplies of Patriot interceptors amid a global shortage caused by the war on Iran.

©2026 DOW JONES & COMPANY, INC.

*feedback@livemint.com*

| Publication : Navodaya Times (Hindi) | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 11 |

**Headline: Plans underway to bring a $4.4 billion US-invested LNG project to Pakistan: Report**

# पाकिस्तान में 4.4 अरब डॉलर के अमेरिकी निवेश की एल.एन.जी. परियोजना लाने की तैयारी: रिपोर्ट

इस्लामाबाद, 2 नवम्बर (एजेंसी): डोनाल्ड ट्रंप प्रशासन के समर्थन वाली अमेरिकी कंपनियों के एक समूह ने पाकिस्तान में तरलीकृत प्राकृतिक गैस (एल.एन.जी.) की एकीकृत परियोजना के लिए 4.4 अरब अमेरिकी डॉलर तक के निवेश की योजना बनाई है। सोमवार को एक मीडिया रिपोर्ट में यह जानकारी दी गई। समाचारपत्र 'डॉन' में प्रकाशित रिपोर्ट के मुताबिक, इस परियोजना में एल.एन.जी. आयात, भंडारण, पुनर्गैसीकरण, पाइपलाइन से आपूर्ति और बड़े उपभोक्ताओं को बिक्री की सुविधाएं विकसित की जाएंगी। पाकिस्तान में फिलहाल एल.एन.जी .भंडारण की कोई इकाई नहीं है। कंपनियों के इस समूह में ग्लोबल विजन एनर्जी पार्टनर्स (जी.वी.ई.पी.), खानजी होल्डिंग्स और लक्जमबर्ग की जनरल मेडिटेरेनियन होल्डिंग शामिल हैं।

परियोजना के लिए पोर्ट कासिम प्राधिकरण से प्रस्तावित स्थल की सहमति मिल गई है और तेल एवं गैस नियामक प्राधिकरण (ओगरा) के पास अस्थायी लाइसेंस के लिए आवेदन किया गया है। रिपोर्ट के मुताबिक, परियोजना को अमेरिकी व्यापार एवं विकास एजेंसी के परियोजना तैयारी कार्यक्रम के तहत विचार के लिए मंजूरी मिली है। इसे अमेरिकी विकास वित्त निगम से आंशिक वित्तपोषण और अमेरिकी निर्यात-आयात बैंक से प्रौद्योगिकी, उपकरण और सेवाओं के लिए निर्यात ऋण गारंटी भी मिल सकती है।

परियोजना को दो चरणों में विकसित किया जाएगा। पहले चरण में 1.7 अरब डॉलर की लागत से चार टैंक वाला एल.एन.जी. टर्मिनल और भंडारण सुविधा बनाई जाएगी, जिसकी सालाना क्षमता 35 अरब घन फुट होगी। दूसरे चरण में 1,100 किलोमीटर लंबी और 42-48 इंच व्यास वाली गैस पाइपलाइन बिछाई जाएगी। इसकी क्षमता प्रतिदिन करीब 1.2 अरब घन फुट होगी। इसके साथ परियोजना की कुल लागत 4.4 अरब डॉलर तक पहुंच जाएगी। प्रस्तावित परियोजना का उद्देश्य घरेलू गैस बाजार के साथ अमेरिकी और पश्चिम एशियाई आपूर्तिकर्ताओं को जोड़ते हुए क्षेत्रीय भंडारण, गैस में परिवर्तन और कारोबार केंद्र विकसित करना है। इसके लिए परिसंपत्तियों, देनदारियों और वित्तीय जोखिमों के प्रबंधन को एक विशेष कंपनी भी बनाई गई है। समूह स्थानीय निवेशकों को परियोजना में 10 प्रतिशत तक हिस्सेदारी देने के लिए बातचीत कर रहा है। प्रत्येक निवेशक से न्यूनतम पांच करोड़ डॉलर के निवेश की उम्मीद है।

| Publication : Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi) | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 2 |

**Headline: Target of 125 gigawatts of renewable energy capacity in Rajasthan**

मुख्यमंत्री भजनलाल शर्मा ने 50 से अधिक निवेशकों से की चर्चा, निवेश के लिए किया आमंत्रित

# राजस्थान में 125 गीगावाट अक्षय ऊर्जा क्षमता का लक्ष्य

पत्रिका ब्यूरो
patrika.com

**नई दिल्ली.** राजस्थान को अक्षय ऊर्जा के क्षेत्र में निवेश का प्रमुख केंद्र बनाने के लिए मुख्यमंत्री भजनलाल शर्मा ने सोमवार को राउंड टेबल बैठक में निवेशकों को राजस्थान में आमंत्रित किया । केंद्रीय नवीन एवं नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा मंत्री प्रल्हाद जोशी की मौजूदगी में हुई बैठक में मुख्यमंत्री ने प्रदेश में सौर, पवन और हरित ऊर्जा के क्षेत्र में उपलब्ध संभावनाओं और निवेश के अवसरों की जानकारी दी।

मुख्यमंत्री ने कहा कि राजस्थान अक्षय ऊर्जा उत्पादन और सौर ऊर्जा क्षमता स्थापना में देश में पहले स्थान पर है। राज्य सरकार ने वर्ष 2030 तक करीब 125 गीगावाट अक्षय ऊर्जा क्षमता विकसित करने का लक्ष्य रखा है। इसके लिए सौर और पवन ऊर्जा के साथ हाइब्रिड परियोजनाओं तथा ऊर्जा भंडारण पर विशेष ध्यान दिया जा रहा है।



राजस्थान की प्रदर्शनी का अवलोकन करते मुख्यमंत्री भजनलाल शर्मा।

उन्होंने बताया कि प्रदेश में अब तक 51 हजार मेगावाट से अधिक अक्षय ऊर्जा क्षमता स्थापित हो चुकी है। इसमें 45 हजार मेगावाट से अधिक सौर ऊर्जा की हिस्सेदारी है। बड़े सौर पार्कों, रूफटॉप सोलर, पवन ऊर्जा, बायोमास और ऊर्जा भंडारण परियोजनाओं का विस्तार किया जा रहा है।

शर्मा ने कहा कि राज्य सरकार ने एकीकृत स्वच्छ ऊर्जा नीति लागू की है। मेगा अक्षय ऊर्जा परियोजनाओं के लिए भूमि उपलब्ध कराने के उद्देश्य से राइट टू यूज नीति भी जारी की गई है। वहीं, राजस्थान निवेश प्रोत्साहन योजना-2024 के तहत निवेशकों को विभिन्न सुविधाएं और प्रोत्साहन दिए जा रहे हैं।

## ऊर्जा भंडारण पर भी दिया जोर

मुख्यमंत्री ने कहा कि सौर ऊर्जा के अतिरिक्त उत्पादन का उपयोग करने और बिजली की सर्वाधिक मांग के समय ग्रिड प्रबंधन को बेहतर बनाने के लिए ऊर्जा भंडारण परियोजनाओं की कार्ययोजना तैयार की गई है। इससे अक्षय ऊर्जा की उपलब्धता और उपयोग को बढ़ाने में मदद मिलेगी। इससे पहले मुख्यमंत्री ने एक्सपो में राजस्थान की स्टॉल्स का उद्घाटन और अवलोकन किया। इस दौरान ऊर्जा राज्यमंत्री (स्वतंत्र प्रभार) हीरालाल नागर और मुख्य सचिव वी. श्रीनिवास भी मौजूद रहे।

| Publication : Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi) | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 9 |

**Headline: Major fire at an oil refinery in Visakhapatnam**

तेल टैंक के पास आग लगने से विस्फोट की आशंका, जनहानि नहीं

# विशाखापत्तनम की तेल रिफाइनरी में भीषण आग

**अमरावती @ पत्रिका.** आंध्रप्रदेश के विशाखापत्तनम में सोमवार देर शाम हिंदुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड (एचपीसीएल) की विशाखा तेल रिफाइनरी में भीषण आग लग गई। आग की ऊंची लपटें उठने और घना धुआं फैलने से आसपास के औद्योगिक इलाकों में अफरा-तफरी मच गई। घटना के बाद मलकापुरम और श्रीहरिपुरम सहित आसपास के क्षेत्रों में रहने वाले लोगों में दहशत फैल गई। सड़क से गुजर रहे लोग भी आग की लपटें देखकर रुक गए और कई लोगों ने घटना के वीडियो बनाकर सोशल मीडिया पर साझा किए। प्रारंभिक जानकारी के अनुसार, आग रिफाइनरी की रेजिड्यू अपग्रेडेशन फैसिलिटी



(आरयूएफ) में पिच ऑयल रखने वाले एक टैंक के पास लगी। इसकी लपटें काफी ऊंचाई तक उठती दिखाई दीं। टैंक में जमा पदार्थ की गाढ़ी प्रकृति के कारण धुआं काफी घना और काला था। घटना के बाद रिफाइनरी में विस्फोट होने की चर्चाएं भी फैल गईं। हालांकि एचपीसीएल सूत्रों के अनुसार टैंक में विस्फोट की संभावना कम है। आग लगने के कारणों का पता नहीं चल पाया है। अधिकारी घटना की परिस्थितियों की जांच कर रहे हैं। शुरुआती जानकारी के अनुसार, घटना में किसी के घायल होने या हताहत होने की खबर नहीं है। हालांकि, आग से हुए नुकसान का आकलन और घटना के कारणों की विस्तृत जांच अभी बाकी है। घटना के बाद आसपास का रिहायशी क्षेत्र को खाली कराया गया।

| Publication : Telangana Today | Editions : Hyderabad |
| --- | --- |
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 8 |

# 'US spies on China, Russia even better'

WASHINGTON

President Donald Trump closed his midterm campaign on Sunday by telling supporters that the United States spies on China and Russia "even better" than they spy on America, while defending the war with Iran and claiming inflation and oil prices were falling.

Speaking at his rally in Dubuque, Iowa, Trump brushed aside concerns about Chinese and Russian espionage. "Somebody said, China's spying on us, sir. I said, yeah, and we're spying on them, too. Don't worry about it," he said.

"China, Russia, they're spying on us, sir. I said, that's true. And we're doing it to them also. But we do it even better. So don't worry about it," he said. Trump said Iran had been left without military capacity or anyone to negotiate with. "We didn't start it. We're finishing it. We're beating the crap out of them," he said. "They have no radar. They have no anti-aircraft weaponry. They have no leaders," Trump said. "We might have gotten a little far with the leaders. There's nobody to talk to. I'm trying to find somebody to talk to. Nobody wants to be president." Trump spoke for just over two hours in Dubuque, before flying to Salina, Kansas, for the last rally of his midterm campaign.




*President Donald Trump walks across the South Lawn of the WH after stepping off Marine One, in Washington.* — Photo: AP

At the Salina rally, Trump returned to the economy. "Your inflation for the last three months is 1.7 per cent way down. I inherited high prices from sleepy Joe Biden. I didn't cause it," he said. "I stopped Iran from having a nuclear weapon," he said, adding that "the oil is much lower than it was for Biden, much lower than it was for Barack Hussein Obama.""When that war is over, it's going to come plunging," Trump said, describing higher fuel prices as "a very small price to pay for the security of this country and for the world."

Americans vote on Tuesday, with control of the House. AP

| Publication : Virat Vaibhav (Hindi) | Editions : New Delhi |
|---|---|
| Date :3 November 2026 | Page : 6 |

**Headline: Expansion of renewable energy in the country**

बिजली की मांग

# देश में नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा का हो रहा विस्तार

देश में ऑनशोर विंड एनर्जी की क्षमता पहले के अनुमानों से काफी अधिक है। देश में 150 मीटर की हब ऊंचाई पर ऑनशोर विंड एनर्जी की क्षमता 1,209.7 गीगावाट और 200 मीटर की ऊंचाई पर 2,933.9 गीगावाट के करीब है। द एनर्जी एंड रिसोर्सेज इंस्टीट्यूट (टीईआरआई) की ओर से जारी रिपोर्ट के अनुसार, न्यूनतम 7.0 मीटर प्रति सेकंड की हवा की गति पर ऑफशोर विंड एनर्जी की क्षमता क्रमशः लगभग 220 गीगावाट और 277 गीगावाट आंकी गई है।रिपोर्ट में उन प्राथमिकता वाले क्षेत्रों की पहचान की गई है, जहां संसाधनों की क्षमता का और सत्यापन करने की जरूरत है। साथ ही, विंड एनर्जी के विकास, सहायक बुनियादी ढांचे और उद्योग की क्षमताओं को मजबूत करने के उपाय भी बताए गए हैं। भारत की स्थापित विंड एनर्जी क्षमता 30 सितंबर, 2026 तक 59.20 गीगावाट पहुंच गई थी। वित्त वर्ष 2025-26 में लगभग 6.05 गीगावाट की रिकॉर्ड क्षमता जुड़ने के बाद यह उपलब्धि हासिल हुई। रिपोर्ट के मुताबिक जैसे-जैसे भारत में बिजली की मांग बढ़ रही है और नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा का विस्तार हो रहा है, विंड एनर्जी संसाधनों की बेहतर समझ से बिजली उत्पादन की योजना बनाने, नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा की खरीद और बिजली पारेषण में निवेश से जुड़े फैसलों में मदद मिल सकती है।150 मीटर की ऊंचाई पर अनुमानित विंड एनर्जी क्षमता में राजस्थान, गुजरात और कर्नाटक की हिस्सेदारी लगभग 61 प्रतिशत है। वहीं, महाराष्ट्र और तमिलनाडु को शामिल करने पर इन पांच राज्यों की संयुक्त हिस्सेदारी बढ़कर करीब 79 प्रतिशत हो जाती है।बिजली क्षेत्र में बदलाव से जुड़ी इस रिपोर्ट में अनुमान लगाया गया है कि वर्ष 2070 तक भारत की ग्रिड से जुड़ी बिजली की मांग मौजूदा स्तर से लगभग 11 गुना बढ़ सकती है।रिपोर्ट के नेट जीरो लक्ष्य में वर्ष 2070 तक 891 गीगावाट पवन ऊर्जा क्षमता का अनुमान लगाया गया है। यह प्रौद्योगिकी की लागत और बिजली प्रणाली से जुड़ी कुछ मान्यताओं के आधार पर संभावित विस्तार के बड़े पैमाने को दर्शाता है।

रिपोर्ट के मुताबिक जैसे-जैसे भारत में बिजली की मांग बढ़ रही है और नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा का विस्तार हो रहा है, विंड एनर्जी संसाधनों की बेहतर समझ से बिजली उत्पादन की योजना बनाने, नवीकरणीय ऊर्जा की खरीद और बिजली पारेषण में निवेश से जुड़े फैसलों में मदद मिल सकती है।150 मीटर की ऊंचाई पर अनुमानित विंड एनर्जी क्षमता में राजस्थान, गुजरात और कर्नाटक की हिस्सेदारी लगभग 61 प्रतिशत है।

# Online

| Headline | ONGC stock quote: latest BSE price was INR 226 on October 30 | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Publication | Ad Hoc | Edition | Online Coverage |
| Published Date | 3 Nov 2026 | | |

## ONGC stock quote: latest BSE price was INR 226 on October 30

https://www.ad-hoc-news.de/boerse/news/corporate-news/ongc-stock-quote-latest-bse-price-was-inr-226-on-october-30/70446234

Published on 11/02/2026 at 15:38 | Editorial responsibility: Rafael Mller, Editor-in-Chief AD HOC NEWS

ONGC business and outlook

- ONGC operates across crude oil, natural gas, exploration and related oilfield services.

- The company reported profit after tax of INR 328,940 million for fiscal 2026.

Oil and Natural Gas Corporation's latest official market figures place the stock at INR 226.00 on the BSE at 3:59 p.m. IST on Friday, October 30, 2026. The same page lists INR 225.39 on the NSE at 3:30 p.m. IST. The figures were published on the official ONGC investor page.

Integrated energy exposure

ONGC is India's largest crude oil and natural gas corporation. Its activities cover exploration and production as well as related oilfield services, giving investors exposure to upstream energy operations and the broader Indian hydrocarbon market.

The company says it had more than 23,500 employees and contributed around 73 percent of India's crude oil production and around 57 percent of its natural gas production. These figures underline ONGC's importance to domestic energy supply, while earnings remain sensitive to commodity prices, production volumes and government policy.

Profit and production context

ONGC reported profit after tax of INR 328,940 million for fiscal 2026. Oil and gas production including joint ventures stood at 40.46 million tonnes of oil equivalent, according to the company's investor information.

The company also reports international operations through ONGC Videsh, which holds interests in oil and gas projects across 14 countries. Its energy-transition portfolio includes acquired renewable capacity alongside its conventional exploration and production business.

Oil and Natural Gas Corporation

- ISIN: INE213A01029

- BSE quote: INR 226.00 on Friday, October 30, 2026, at 3:59 p.m. IST

- NSE quote: INR 225.39 on Friday, October 30, 2026, at 3:30 p.m. IST

- Fiscal 2026 profit after tax: INR 328,940 million

- Fiscal 2026 oil and gas production: 40.46 million tonnes of oil equivalent including joint ventures

Indian energy shares remain exposed to crude and gas-price movements as well as domestic regulation. Investors should therefore track production updates, realized prices, capital allocation and upcoming company announcements rather than relying on a single market quote.

| Headline | ONGC stock: Interim dividend decision set for November 5 | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Publication | Ad Hoc | Edition | Online Coverage |
| Published Date | 3 Nov 2026 | | |

## ONGC stock: Interim dividend decision set for November 5

https://www.ad-hoc-news.de/boerse/news/corporate-news/ongc-stock-interim-dividend-decision-set-for-november-5/70444000

Published on 11/02/2026 at 09:13 | Editorial responsibility: Rafael Mller, Editor-in-Chief AD HOC NEWS

Dividend decision enters focus

- The upcoming board meeting will determine whether ONGC declares its first interim dividend for fiscal 2027.

- Shareholders are watching the eligibility timetable alongside the companys scheduled financial review.

Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited will consider its first interim dividend for fiscal 2027 at a board meeting on Thursday, November 5, 2026. The record date for eligibility has been set for Thursday, November 12, subject to the dividend being declared.

InvestyWise reported the corporate action on Friday, October 30, citing a regulatory filing and the companys planned board review. The filing sets the eligibility date but does not itself confirm the amount of any dividend.

What shareholders should watch

The November 5 meeting is the next company-specific event for ONGC stock. Investors will look for the boards decision on the interim payout and any accompanying results commentary before the November 12 record date.

Dividend timing can affect the trading calendar because eligibility depends on the record date and the boards approval. The announcement therefore gives shareholders a defined sequence of dates, while the final payout remains conditional.

Investors can follow the real-time quote of ONGC stock for the latest market price.

ONGC corporate action

- Company: Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited

- ISIN: INE213A01029

- Board meeting: November 5, 2026

- Record date: November 12, 2026

- Dividend: First interim dividend for fiscal 2027, subject to declaration

The BSE Sensex market coverage provides the broader Indian equity-market context.

Find more news and analyses on ONGC stock for further company updates.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Headline | Gas Leak Reported at Closed ONGC Well in Pasarlapudi Lanka | | |
| Publication | Deccan Chronicle | Edition | Online Coverage |
| Published Date | 3 Nov 2026 | | |

## Gas Leak Reported at Closed ONGC Well in Pasarlapudi Lanka

https://www.deccanchronicle.com/southern-states/andhra-pradesh/gas-leak-reported-at-closed-ongc-well-in-pasarlapudi-lanka-2001240

ONGC officials found that a bolt attached to the well had rusted, causing the leak. KAKINADA: A gas leak was reported from a closed well at SSP-4 in Pasarlapudi Lanka village of Mamidikuduru mandal in Konaseema district on Monday evening. ONGC officials found that a bolt attached to the well had rusted, causing the leak. A replacement bolt is expected to be brought from another location on Tuesday. Mamidikuduru tahsildar C.S. Raju said ONGC officials had informed him that the leak did not pose a problem and that efforts were under way to tap the gas. Amalapuram RDO Sarala Devi and Raju inspected the site and directed officials to tap the gas at the earliest. Advertisement Villagers and farmers staged a protest at the site, demanding that ONGC fulfil promises made earlier. They said commitments to construct roads, provide infrastructure facilities and take measures to prevent gas leaks had not been met. They called off the protest after officials assured them that their demands would be addressed. Konaseema district collector R. Mahesh Kumar said a minor gas leak was reported on Monday evening from the Pasarlapudi-4 well in Pasarlapudi Lanka village. Revenue, police and ONGC officials rushed to the site after receiving information, and ONGC staff began efforts to bring the leak under control.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Headline | Finance Executive Job Scope: Roles, Duties & Career Growth | | |
| Publication | Find My College | Edition | Online Coverage |
| Published Date | 3 Nov 2026 | | |

## Finance Executive Job Scope: Roles, Duties & Career Growth

https://articles.findmycollege.com/finance-executive-job-scope/

A Finance Executive manages daily accounting, bank reconciliations, vendor/employee payments, GST invoicing, and statutory tax filings (TDS, PF, PT). Explore the complete career scope, daily duties, salary structures across private and public sectors, top government job options, higher education pathways, top recruiting organizations, and step-by-step career entry steps below. Finance Executive Scope in India Corporate Finance and Accounts Executives are responsible for closing books of accounts periodically, bank reconciliations, ledger scrutiny, and booking vendor invoices across diverse business organizations. At least 49 colleges offer education relevant to a finance executive career, including 2 government and 3 private institutions. By state distribution, finance education programs are established in Maharashtra (11 colleges), Uttar Pradesh (9 colleges), Tamil Nadu (5 colleges), Karnataka (5 colleges), Rajasthan (4 colleges), and Chhattisgarh (3 colleges). Top Online Universities 2026 Job Roles after Finance Executive Finance professionals can transition into regulatory and public sector roles such as RBI Grade B Officers or SEBI Grade A Officers. Major CPSEs like ONGC, NTPC, and IOCL also recruit Management Trainees in Finance through direct written tests and interviews. Finance Executive Salary Salary structures for finance professionals range from junior entry roles to central financial regulatory posts. RBI Grade B Officer recruitment offers a basic pay of 55,200 with monthly gross emoluments of approximately 1,50,374. SEBI Grade A Officers receive starting basic pay of 62,500 and gross monthly salary of approximately 1,43,000. Meanwhile, RBI Assistant positions provide a basic pay of 15,000 per month, with gross monthly emoluments reaching around 30,000. Government Jobs after Finance Executive Indian Revenue Service (IRS) Officers selected through UPSC Civil Services Examination start on a pay scale of 15,60039,100 up to a fixed maximum pay scale of 80,000. Entry-level IRMS Finance stream Junior Scale basic pay starts at 56,100 per month. PSU and Banking Sector Finance Careers Public Sector Banks and Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs) provide specialized cadre openings for finance personnel. Across public sector banks, IBPS SO Credit and Risk Officers start at a basic pay of 48,480, yielding in-hand monthly salaries of 60,000 to 65,000. IDBI Bank Grade A Officers receive basic pay of 23,700 per month in the pay scale of 23,70042,020. Major CPSEs like ONGC, NTPC, IOCL, BHEL, GAIL, and SAIL recruit Management Trainees in Finance via written tests, group discussions, and personal interviews without requiring GATE scores. How to Start a Career as Finance Executive (career): Step by Step Complete Basic Eligibility Qualification : Earn a bachelor's degree in commerce (B.Com) or an MBA in Finance / M.Com. Professional inter-qualifications like CA-Inter or CMA-Inter are highly preferred. Master Industry Software Tools : Gain hands-on proficiency in Tally ERP, expert MS Excel (VLOOKUP, Pivot Tables), and taxation portals for filing GST and TDS returns. Apply for Entry-Level Corporate Roles : Join corporate finance departments as Junior Accounts Executive or Finance Executive handling reconciliations and ledger entries. Register for Govt & PSU Specialist Exams : Apply for RBI Grade B, SEBI Grade A, IBPS SO, or PSU Management Trainee exam notifications issued directly by bodies like ONGC, NTPC, and SBI. Clear Written Domain Tests & Interviews : Pass the Finance domain Phase 1 and Phase 2 objective/descriptive papers followed by Group Discussions and Personal Interviews. FAQs What is the job of a financial executive? A finance executive handles day-to-day accounting, periodic book closing, bank reconciliations, vendor payments, GST invoicing, statutory tax filings (TDS, PF), and assists during tax and internal audits. Is finance very math heavy? What is the starting salary for government regulatory finance jobs? RBI Grade B Officers earn a gross monthly salary of approximately 1,50,374, while SEBI Grade A Officers earn approximately 1,43,000 per month. Is an online MBA in Finance valid for government finance job exams? Yes, an online MBA in Finance from a UGC-DEB approved university is valid for applying to PSU, public sector bank, and civil service examinations. Do PSU Finance Management Trainee jobs require a GATE score? No, CPSEs such as ONGC, NTPC, IOCL, BHEL, GAIL, and SAIL recruit Finance Management Trainees through their own

written tests and interviews without requiring GATE scores. Nishit Kumar Nishit Kumar is a senior EdTech industry leader with over a decade of experience in building and scaling education platforms, shaping their product, content, and growth strategy. At FindMyCollege, Nishit oversees content and editorial strategy, guiding topic selection and content frameworks to ensure accuracy, relevance, and student-first value across the website. Understand the full form of DAF, eligibility, fees, career prospects, and comparisons for the Diploma in Accounting and Finance in India for 2026. Your complete guide. Understand the M.Com duration in India for 2026, including full-time, part-time, and distance learning options. Explore eligibility, fees, specializations, and career prospects. Explore the comprehensive scope and career opportunities for Chartered Financial Analysts (CFA) in India for 2026. Understand eligibility, costs, salaries, and job prospects. HomeManagementBBAScope & Jobs Jobs After BBA and Salary: Career Scope, Roles and Industry Demand OverviewAdmission 2026FeesEligibilitySyllabusSalaryScope & CareerBBA vs BCAScope & JobsColleges Bangalore More MoreEntrance ExamsDurationFull FormScholarshipsComparisonsVs Other Courses N Nishit KumarAuthor & Reviewer Nishit Kumar is a senior EdTech industry leader with over a decade of experience in building and scaling education platforms, HomeCommerce & FinanceIncome Tax Officer Income Tax Officer Career: Eligibility, SSC CGL Exam and Salary Income Tax Officer2026 Apply NowDownload Guide OverviewSalary N Nishit KumarAuthor & Reviewer Nishit Kumar is a senior EdTech industry leader with over a decade of experience in building and scaling education platforms, shaping their product, content, and growth strategy. At Explore Bachelor of Accounting & Finance (BAF) Distance/Online in India for 2026. Get details on eligibility, fees, syllabus, career prospects, and top colleges. Understand the full form of DAF, eligibility, fees, career prospects, and comparisons for the Diploma in Accounting and Finance in India for 2026. Your complete guide. Understand the M.Com duration in India for 2026, including full-time, part-time, and distance learning options. Explore eligibility, fees, specializations, and career prospects. Explore the comprehensive scope and career opportunities for Chartered Financial Analysts (CFA) in India for 2026. Understand eligibility, costs, salaries, and job prospects. HomeManagementBBAScope & Jobs Jobs After BBA and Salary: Career Scope, Roles and Industry Demand OverviewAdmission 2026FeesEligibilitySyllabusSalaryScope & CareerBBA vs BCAScope & JobsColleges Bangalore More MoreEntrance ExamsDurationFull FormScholarshipsComparisonsVs Other Courses N Nishit KumarAuthor & Reviewer Nishit Kumar is a senior EdTech industry leader with over a decade of experience in building and scaling education platforms, HomeCommerce & FinanceIncome Tax Officer Income Tax Officer Career: Eligibility, SSC CGL Exam and Salary Income Tax Officer2026 Apply NowDownload Guide OverviewSalary N Nishit KumarAuthor & Reviewer Nishit Kumar is a senior EdTech industry leader with over a decade of experience in building and scaling education platforms, shaping their product, content, and growth strategy. At Explore Bachelor of Accounting & Finance (BAF) Distance/Online in India for 2026. Get details on eligibility, fees, syllabus, career prospects, and top colleges. Understand the full form of DAF, eligibility, fees, career prospects, and comparisons for the Diploma in Accounting and Finance in India for 2026. Your complete guide. Understand the M.Com duration in India for 2026, including full-time, part-time, and distance learning options. Explore eligibility, fees, specializations, and career prospects.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Headline | Bokaro News: ओएनजीसी निदेशक ने खुदगड़ा प्लांट का किया निरीक्षण | | |
| Publication | Hindustan | Edition | Online Coverage |
| Published Date | 3 Nov 2026 | | |

## Bokaro News: ओएनजीसी निदेशक ने खुदगड़ा प्लांट का किया निरीक्षण

https://www.livehindustan.com/jharkhand/bokaro/story-ongc-technology-director-vikram-saxena-inspects-gomia-plant-201793646702777.html

Bokaro News: ओएनजीसी के निदेशक (टेक्नोलॉजी एंड फील्ड सर्विसेज) विक्रम सक्सेना ने सोमवार को बेरमो के गोमिया प्रखंड स्थित खुदगड़ा प्लांट का निरीक्षण किया। उन्होंने प्लांट की विभिन्न इकाइयों और वहां चल रही तकनीकी गतिविधियों का जायजा लिया। अधिकारियों और कर्मचारियों से बातचीत के बाद उन्होंने समीक्षा बैठक में संचालन व्यवस्था और कार्यों की प्रगति की जानकारी ली तथा प्लांट से जुड़ी व्यवस्थाओं पर चर्चा की। Bokaro News: गोमिया, प्रतिनिधि। ओएनजीसी के निदेशक (टेक्नोलॉजी एंड फील्ड सर्विसेज) विक्रम सक्सेना सोमवार को बेरमो के गोमिया प्रखंड आए। यहां खुदगड़ा स्थित ओएनजीसी प्लांट पहुंचे। इस दौरान उन्होंने प्लांट का निरीक्षण कर वहां संचालित गतिविधियों एवं कार्यों का विस्तार से जायजा लिया। बताया गया कि निदेशक ने प्लांट के विभिन्न हिस्सों का निरीक्षण किया तथा मौजूद अधिकारियों और कर्मचारियों से बातचीत की। उन्होंने प्लांट के कार्यों, संचालन व्यवस्था और तकनीकी गतिविधियों की जानकारी ली। साथ ही संबंधित अधिकारियों के साथ समीक्षा बैठक कर कार्यों की प्रगति के संबंध में जानकारी प्राप्त की। इस दौरान उन्होंने अधिकारियों एवं कर्मचारियों से प्लांट से जुड़ी व्यवस्थाओं और कार्यप्रणाली पर चर्चा की। निदेशक के दौरे को लेकर प्लांट के अधिकारियों एवं कर्मचारियों में सक्रियता देखी गई।

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Headline | प्रवीण कुमार का गुस्सा बना था मुसीबत, मैदान के विवाद के बाद लगा था निलंबन | | |
| Publication | Janta Se Rishta | Edition | Online Coverage |
| Published Date | 3 Nov 2026 | | |

# प्रवीण कुमार का गुस्सा बना था मुसीबत, मैदान के विवाद के बाद लगा था निलंबन

https://jantaserishta.com/sports/praveen-kumars-temper-proved-to-be-a-problem-he-faced-a-suspension-following-an-on-field-altercation-4913179

x

स्विंग के माहिर प्रवीण कुमार का विवादित किस्सा

नई दिल्ली: भारतीय क्रिकेट में अपनी स्विंग गेंदबाजी से पहचान बनाने वाले पूर्व तेज गेंदबाज प्रवीण कुमार का करियर शानदार प्रदर्शनों के साथ कुछ विवादों के लिए भी याद किया जाता है। ऐसा ही एक मामला फरवरी 2013 में रायपुर में आयोजित बीसीसीआई कॉरपोरेट ट्रॉफी के दौरान सामने आया था। विपक्षी बल्लेबाज से अभद्र व्यवहार और अंपायरों से उलझने के बाद उनके खिलाफ अनुशासनात्मक कार्रवाई हुई थी। इसी प्रकरण में मैच रेफरी की कथित टिप्पणी भी चर्चा में आई। हालांकि, उपलब्ध समकालीन रिपोर्टों में इस घटना को गालीगलौज और दुर्व्यवहार बताया गया है; मैदान पर मारपीट की पुष्टि नहीं मिलती।

घटना ओएनजीसी और इनकम टैक्स की टीमों के बीच मुकाबले की थी। प्रवीण कुमार ओएनजीसी के लिए खेल रहे थे, जबकि सामने बल्लेबाज अजितेश अर्गल थे। रिपोर्टों के मुताबिक, प्रवीण ने अर्गल को एक शॉर्ट पिच गेंद फेंकी। इसके बाद बल्लेबाज ने अंपायर से पूछा कि क्या यह गेंद नो-बॉल थी। इसी सवाल पर प्रवीण नाराज हो गए और उन्होंने बल्लेबाज को अपशब्द कहने शुरू कर दिए। गेंद की वैधता को लेकर उठे सवाल से शुरू हुआ मामला मैदान पर व्यवहार से जुड़े गंभीर विवाद में बदल गया।

मैदान पर मौजूद अंपायर कमलेश शर्मा और अजित दातार ने स्थिति संभालने की कोशिश की। हालांकि, रिपोर्टों के अनुसार प्रवीण का असंतोष जारी रहा और उन्होंने अंपायरों के प्रति भी नाराजगी दिखाई। इसके बाद अधिकारियों ने मामला मैच रेफरी धनंजय सिंह को भेजा। किसी बल्लेबाज की अपील या अंपायर से पूछे गए सवाल पर इस तरह प्रतिक्रिया देना अनुशासन का विषय बन गया। मामले की रिपोर्ट भारतीय क्रिकेट कंट्रोल बोर्ड तक पहुंची और खिलाड़ी से जवाब मांगने की प्रक्रिया शुरू हुई।

इस विवाद का सबसे चर्चित हिस्सा मैच रेफरी की रिपोर्ट में इस्तेमाल की गई भाषा थी। उस समय प्रकाशित खबरों में बताया गया कि धनंजय सिंह ने प्रवीण को खेलने के लिए 'मानसिक रूप से अनफिट' बताया था। लेकिन इस टिप्पणी को किसी चिकित्सकीय निष्कर्ष की तरह प्रस्तुत नहीं किया जा सकता। इसी तरह इसका अनुवाद सीधे 'पागल' करना भी सटीक नहीं है। यह मैदान पर व्यवहार को लेकर सामने आई एक विवादित टिप्पणी थी। किसी खिलाड़ी को स्थायी रूप से ऐसे विशेषण से संबोधित करना उसके व्यक्तित्व और करियर का उचित आकलन नहीं होगा।

बीसीसीआई ने 10 फरवरी 2013 को प्रवीण कुमार को कारण बताओ नोटिस जारी किया और विजय हजारे ट्रॉफी में उनकी भागीदारी पर रोक लगाई। बोर्ड की आधिकारिक वेबसाइट पर भी नोटिस और निलंबन की जानकारी प्रकाशित की गई थी। इस कार्रवाई का तत्काल असर यह हुआ कि वे आगामी घरेलू एकदिवसीय मुकाबलों में नहीं खेल सके। मामला केवल मैदान पर हुई बहस तक सीमित नहीं रहा, बल्कि उनके खेलने के अवसर भी प्रभावित हुए। हालांकि, यह आजीवन प्रतिबंध नहीं था और आगे उन्हें वापसी का मौका मिला।

मार्च 2013 में बीसीसीआई ने कड़ी चेतावनी के साथ उनका निलंबन हटा लिया। इसके बाद सैयद मुश्ताक अली टी20 टूर्नामेंट में उनके खेलने का रास्ता खुला। इस फैसले ने स्पष्ट किया कि बोर्ड ने अनुशासनात्मक कार्रवाई के साथ खिलाड़ी को सुधार का अवसर भी दिया। इसलिए इस प्रकरण का पूरा विवरण बताते समय निलंबन और उसकी समाप्ति, दोनों का उल्लेख जरूरी है। केवल सजा की जानकारी देने से ऐसा गलत आभास हो सकता है कि इस घटना के बाद उनका क्रिकेट करियर तत्काल समाप्त हो गया था।

बाद में प्रवीण कुमार ने अपने व्यवहार पर अफसोस भी जताया। मार्च 2013 में प्रकाशित इंडियन एक्सप्रेस की रिपोर्ट के अनुसार, उन्होंने घटना नहीं दोहराने का संकल्प व्यक्त किया था। उनके लिए निलंबन एक गंभीर झटका था। विवाद के बाद सामने आई यह प्रतिक्रिया घटनाक्रम का

महत्वपूर्ण हिस्सा है, क्योंकि इससे उनके पक्ष और बाद के रुख की जानकारी मिलती है। किसी पुराने विवाद को दोबारा प्रस्तुत करते समय संबंधित खिलाड़ी की प्रतिक्रिया को शामिल करना भी जरूरी है।

विवादों से अलग, प्रवीण का अंतरराष्ट्रीय रिकॉर्ड उनकी गेंदबाजी की क्षमता दिखाता है। उन्होंने भारत के लिए छह टेस्ट में 27 विकेट और 68 वनडे में 77 विकेट हासिल किए। टेस्ट क्रिकेट में उनका गेंदबाजी औसत 25.81 रहा। इंग्लैंड के लॉर्ड्स मैदान पर उन्होंने एक पारी में पांच विकेट भी लिए। सीमित अंतरराष्ट्रीय अवसरों के बावजूद वे गेंद को दोनों दिशाओं में स्विंग कराने की क्षमता के लिए पहचाने गए। उनके करियर की चर्चा में उपलब्धियों को पीछे छोड़कर केवल गुस्से को पहचान बना देना अधूरी तस्वीर पेश करता है।

ऑस्ट्रेलिया में 2008 की सीबी सीरीज की जीत उनके करियर की खास उपलब्धियों में रही। संन्यास के समय उन्होंने खुद इसे अपने सबसे यादगार अनुभवों में गिना था। उन्होंने अक्टूबर 2018 में क्रिकेट के सभी प्रारूपों से संन्यास की घोषणा की। प्रवीण की कहानी प्रतिभा, अंतरराष्ट्रीय सफलता और अनुशासनात्मक विवादों के कई पहलुओं को समेटती है। रायपुर का प्रकरण उनके करियर का विवादित अध्याय जरूर है, लेकिन उपलब्ध तथ्यों के आधार पर इसे मारपीट की घटना बताना या उन्हें 'सिरफिरा' घोषित करना उचित नहीं होगा।

Next Story

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Headline | IIT Guwahati and Centre for High Technology Partner for Energy Research | | |
| Publication | NE Wire | Edition | Online Coverage |
| Published Date | 3 Nov 2026 | | |

## IIT Guwahati and Centre for High Technology Partner for Energy Research

https://newire.in/articles/iit-guwahati-and-centre-for-high-technology-partner-for-energy-research

Guwahati: IIT Guwahati and the Centre for High Technology, the technical branch of the Union Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, have signed a deal to overhaul energy research. The partnership aims to align academic work with industry needs in the petroleum, petrochemical, and clean energy sectors. They signed the agreement at the Advanced Training Institute of ONGC in Goa. The centerpiece of the collaboration is the CHT-IITG Research Fellowship Programme. It will support up to 10 PhD scholars at any time, with a maximum of three selected every year. Fellows receive a stipend 25 per cent higher than standard CSIR, UGC-NET, or institute rates. They also get house rent allowance and funds for research supplies. Scholars work for four years with a possible one-year extension. Faculty members from IIT Guwahati will supervise alongside mentors from CHT or industry partners. Candidates must hold qualifications through CSIR, UGC-NET, GATE, or pass an IIT Guwahati entrance test and interview. Their work will cover green hydrogen, carbon capture, crude-to-chemicals, and biomass gasification. They will also look into cybersecurity, nanotechnology, and water conservation. IIT Guwahati director Devendra Jalihal believes the move is timely. "Through jointly supervised PhD research, sponsored projects and training programmes, it will help develop solutions to real industry challenges and build the skilled workforce needed for India's energy transition," he said. The organizations plan to open Centres of Excellence and sector-specific testing facilities. They will also host training sessions with Indian refineries on biofuels, process safety, and Net Zero strategies. IIT Guwahati will join CHT Activity Committee Meetings to gain insight into refinery operations. The partnership also covers faculty sabbaticals and potential commercialization of technology via start-ups. Dean of Administration Sukumar Nandi and CHT executive director Sankar Gunasekaran signed the agreement. Union Petroleum Secretary Neeraj Mittal attended the event.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Headline | ONGC Apprentice Recruitment 2026 Online Form Live | | |
| Publication | Times Of East (India) | Edition | Online Coverage |
| Published Date | 3 Nov 2026 | | |

## ONGC Apprentice Recruitment 2026 Online Form Live

https://ncradarsh.com/ongc-apprentice-recruitment-2026-online-form-live/

Important Question ONGC Apprentice Recruitment 2026 Online Form Live : Notification Out for 3047 Posts #ONGC #ONGCApprentice Trending Now: ONGC Apprentice 2026 Buzz The Oil and Natural Gas Corporation (ONGC) Apprentice , Online application 29 2026 , 20 2026 . Trending Keywords : ONGC Apprentice 2026, ONGC Apprentice Recruitment 2026, ONGC Apprentice 10 2026. Latest Updates on ONGC Apprentice Constable 2026 Online application process begins : 29 October 2026 Last date to submit the application : 20 November 2026 Deadline for fee payment : 20 November 2026 Important Dates Application Start Date : 29 October 2026 Last Date : 20 November 2026 Fee Payment Last Date : 20 November 2026 Application Fees Age Limit Age Limit As On 29 November 2026 18-24 Years Total Posts Qualification 10th, 12th, ITI, Diploma, Graduate. Pay Scale Mode of Selection How to Apply for ONGC Apprentice Online Form 2026 Visit the official website ONGC Click on ONGC Apprentice link. Complete the registration and application form, upload the required documents, and pay the applicable fee. Review the details, submit the application, and download the confirmation page for future reference. ONGC Apprentice Recruitment 2026 FAQ Q1. When will the form start? Ans. October 29, 2026. Q2. What is the last date? Ans. November 20, 2026. Q3. How much is the application fee? Ans. No Application Fess. Q4. What is the prescribed age limit? Ans. 18 24 Years. Q5. How many vacancies are available? Ans. 3047 posts. Q6. What is the Eligibility Criteria Ans. 10th, 12th, ITI, Diploma, Graduate. Q7. What is the selection procedure? Ans. Merit List. Q8. What is the salary? Ans. As Per Rule. Q1. ? Ans. 29 2026 Q2. ? Ans. 20 2026 Q3. ? Ans. Q4. ? Ans. 18-24 Q5. ? Ans. 3047 Q6. ? Ans. 10,12, , , Q7. ? Ans. Q. When will Apply Online Link will Start for ONGC Apprentice Sarkari Result Recruitment 2026? Answer. Online applications for this recruitment have started from 29 October 2026. Q. What is Last Date of ONGC Apprentice Notification 2026? Answer. The last date to apply online for this recruitment is 20 November 2026. Q. What is Age Limit For ONGC Apprentice Vacancy 2026? Answer. The age of the candidates applying for this recruitment as per ONGC rules, see the post wise age information in the official information. Q. What is Qualification For ONGC Apprentice Online Form 2026? Answer. To apply for this recruitment, the candidate must have 10th, ITI, Diploma, Graduation pass read the official information completely before applying. Q. How to Apply For ONGC Apprentice Bharti 2026? Answer. Candidates can submit their applications through the official recruitment link provided on the official Sarkari Result website, SarkariResult.com.cm (Since 2009). Q. How to download the result of ONGC Apprentice Result 2026? Answer. All those candidates who had given the exam for this recruitment can now download their result. To download your result, you can download it by entering registration number / roll number and DOB (Date of Birth). The official download link of the result will be made available in the important links above. Q. What is ONGC Official Website? Answer. The Official Website of ONGC is https://ongcindia.com/ Source link Post Views: Share this: Click to share on Facebook (Opens in new window) Facebook Click to share on X (Opens in new window) X Like this: Like Loading...

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Headline | Gas Leak at Closed ONGC Well Triggers Protest in Konaseema | | |
| Publication | Urban Acres | Edition | Online Coverage |
| Published Date | 3 Nov 2026 | | |

## Gas Leak at Closed ONGC Well Triggers Protest in Konaseema

https://urbanacres.in/gas-leak-at-closed-ongc-well-triggers-protest-in-konaseema/

A gas leak was reported from the closed Pasarlapudi-4 ONGC well at Pasarlapudi Lanka village in Andhra Pradesh's Konaseema district on Monday evening, prompting a response from revenue, police and ONGC officials and a protest by villagers and farmers. The leak was reported from SSP-4 in Mamidikuduru mandal. ONGC officials told local authorities that a rusted bolt attached to the well had caused the leak. A replacement bolt was expected to be brought from another location on Tuesday, while staff worked to tap the gas and bring the leak under control. Mamidikuduru tahsildar C.S. Raju said ONGC officials had informed him that the leak did not pose a problem. He said efforts were under way to tap the gas at the earliest. Amalapuram Revenue Divisional Officer Sarala Devi and Raju inspected the site and directed officials to complete the response work quickly. Konaseema district collector R. Mahesh Kumar described the incident as a minor gas leak from the Pasarlapudi-4 well. He said revenue, police and ONGC officials rushed to the location after receiving information, and that ONGC personnel began efforts to control the leak. The incident also brought earlier local grievances to the site. Villagers and farmers staged a protest, alleging that ONGC had not fulfilled commitments to construct roads, provide infrastructure facilities and take steps to prevent gas leaks. The protest was withdrawn after officials assured them that their demands would be addressed. The episode has therefore involved both an immediate operational response and a wider dispute over infrastructure around the well. Residents' demands connect the reported leak to questions about road access, local facilities and preventive maintenance at an installation that has already been closed. Authorities have not reported any casualties or evacuation in the supplied account. The immediate response remained focused on replacing the rusted bolt, tapping the gas and bringing the leak under control. ONGC officials were expected to bring the replacement bolt from another location on Tuesday, while district and revenue officials continued to monitor the site.

| Headline | ONGC Q2 Earnings Call: Investors ke liye important update, mark karein ye date! | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Publication | Whalesbook | Edition | Online Coverage |
| Published Date | 3 Nov 2026 | | |

## ONGC Q2 Earnings Call: Investors ke liye important update, mark karein ye date!

https://www.whalesbook.com/corporate-news/Hinglish/energy/ONGC-Announces-Q2-FY27-Earnings-Call-Schedule-for-November-6/6ae89304c6c6dccbb90f703d

ONGC ne apne Q2 FY27 ke earnings call ki date announce kar di hai. Management **6 November 2026** ko **3:30 PM** par company ki performance aur future plans par baat karegi.

Kya hone wala hai call mein?

ONGC ne officially confirm kar diya hai ki woh 6 November 2026 ko dopahar 3:30 PM par apni Q2 earnings discuss karenge. Is call mein company ke Director (Finance), Mr. Anupam Agarwal, aur unki team quarterly performance ka analysis degi.

Investors kyun focus kar rahe hain?

Oil sector mein sirf headline numbers kaafi nahi hote. Is call mein investors ka main focus in cheezon par hoga:

- Crude oil aur gas production volume: Kya company ne apne targets achieve kiye?

- Realization price per barrel: Oil prices ka profit par kya asar pada?

- Windfall tax: Kya government ke tax rules ka bottom line par koi pressure hai?

Call kaise join karein?

Agar aap call attend karna chahte hain, toh domestic investors 086 3416 8832 ya 086 4536 7270 par dial kar sakte hain. International participants ke liye USA, UK, Singapore, aur Hong Kong ke toll-free numbers available hain. Fast entry ke liye aap 'Diamond Pass' registration bhi use kar sakte hain.

Aage kya track karein?

Call ke dauran management ke future guidance par nazar rakhna zaroori hai. Share holders ko khas taur par Capital Expenditure (Capex) plans aur offshore drilling projects ke updates par dhyan dena chahiye, kyunki ye stock ki long-term growth story decide karte hain.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Headline | ONGC Announces Q2 FY27 Earnings Call Schedule for November 6 | | |
| Publication | Whalesbook | Edition | Online Coverage |
| Published Date | 3 Nov 2026 | | |

## ONGC Announces Q2 FY27 Earnings Call Schedule for November 6

https://www.whalesbook.com/corporate-news/English/energy/ONGC-Announces-Q2-FY27-Earnings-Call-Schedule-for-November-6/6ae89304c6c6dccbb90f703d

Oil and Natural Gas Corporation (ONGC) has scheduled its Q2 FY27 earnings conference call for November 6, 2026, at 3:30 PM IST. Management will discuss financial and operational performance, including production volumes and realization prices.

ONGC Schedules Q2 FY27 Earnings Call for November 6

Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Ltd (ONGC) will host its Q2 FY27 earnings call on November 6, 2026, at 15:30 IST.

Management will review operational performance, production targets, and financial results for the quarter ending September 2026.

Reader Takeaway: Analysts seek clarity on production volumes and price realizations to gauge profitability in the current fiscal year.

What just happened

ONGC has officially announced the logistics for its upcoming analyst and investor conference call. The discussion is set to cover the company's financial and operating performance for the second quarter of the fiscal year 2027. The session will be led by Mr. Anupam Agarwal (Director, Finance), along with senior leadership from the corporate finance and treasury teams.

Why this matters

Quarterly earnings calls are critical for institutional and retail investors to understand the nuances behind the headline numbers. For an oil exploration giant like ONGC, investors are typically focused on crude oil and gas production volumes, net realization prices per barrel, and the impact of windfall taxes or regulatory changes on bottom-line profitability.

Participation Details

Domestic investors can join the call via dedicated Pan India access numbers (086 3416 8832 or 086 4536 7270). International participants have access to toll-free lines covering the USA, UK, Singapore, and Hong Kong. A Diamond Pass registration is also available to streamline the entry process for attendees.

What to track next

The management's commentary regarding guidance for the remainder of the fiscal year will be the primary focal point. Shareholders should watch for updates on capital expenditure plans and any commentary on potential expansion projects or offshore drilling updates discussed during the Q&A session.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Headline | Ajay Kumar assumes charge as Director Operations & Business Development at BPRL | | |
| Publication | Whisper in the Corridors | Edition | Online Coverage |
| Published Date | 3 Nov 2026 | | |

## Ajay Kumar assumes charge as Director Operations & Business Development at BPRL

https://www.whispersinthecorridors.com/news/ajay-kumar-assumes-charge-as-director-operations-business-development-at-bprl

Mumbai: Ajay Kumar, a seasoned oil and gas professional with extensive experience in domestic and international energy operations, has assumed charge as Director (Operations & Business Development) at Bharat PetroResources Limited (BPRL), Mumbai, with effect from October 28. BPRL is a wholly owned subsidiary of Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited (BPCL) and serves as its upstream exploration and production arm, with oil and gas interests across India and several international markets.

Prior to this appointment, Kumar served as General Manager and Executive Assistant to the Director (Strategy & Corporate Affairs) at Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited (ONGC), where he was closely associated with strategic initiatives, corporate planning, business diversification and investment decisions.

With over 25 years of experience in the oil and gas industry, Kumar has held several important operational, managerial and leadership assignments across India and overseas. His professional journey includes significant contributions to upstream oil and gas operations, field development, international partnerships, project execution and business development.

During his distinguished career, he has been associated with major international energy projects in Russia, Sudan, Venezuela and Mozambique. He has also worked closely with several leading international energy companies, including ExxonMobil, Rosneft, CNPC, PETRONAS, TotalEnergies, Sudapet, Mitsui and PDVSA.

In addition to his expertise in conventional oil and gas operations, Kumar has been actively involved in corporate strategy, energy transition initiatives, portfolio diversification and emerging energy businesses.

As Director (Operations & Business Development), Kumar will play a key leadership role in strengthening BPRL's upstream operations, enhancing the performance of its domestic and international assets, exploring new business opportunities and supporting the company's long-term growth strategy.

Comments (0)

No comments yet. Be the first.